The Standard
AND RIVER PLATE NEWS

No 1557—Sixth Year | BUENOS AYRES, SUNDAY, APRIL 21, 1867. | Circulation 2500

MAUA BANK,
101-103 CALLE CANGALLO.

The Offices of this Bank having been removed to the above spacious building, in order to suit the increasing flow of business, the public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in currency and specie in this Bank :—

First—Bills and obligations with good signatures are discounted on conventional terms.

Second—Money is advanced on mercantile and other securities approved of by the Manager.

Third—Accounts current are opened with Merchants or other parties who may prefer depositing endorsed and transferable securities, against which they may draw up to an amount previously convened under conditions established for such class of operations.

Fourth—Money is received in account current, bearing interest from day of deposit, which is accumulated in favor of the parties every three months, the depositors being allowed to retire at any time, by means of cheoques, part or the full amount at their wish, save when the quantity exceeds three hundred doubloons or one hundred thousand dollars currency, in which case forty-eight hours' previous notice is required to be given at the Treasury of the Bank.

Fifth—Bills or letters of credit are drawn and taken on Montevideo, Rosario, Sta Fé, Salto Oriental, Paysandu, Rio Janeiro, and other places in the Brazils, England and France, as also on other places, of which notice will be given hereafter.

Finally, the Bank undertakes and executes all legitimate transactions within the orbit of banking operations.

The establishment is always open from 9 a.m. till 3 p.m.

P. P. Maua & Co.
M. A. de FREITAS AMORIM.

January 1st, 1867.

MAUA BANK,
101-103 CALLE CANGALLO.

INTEREST FOR CURRENT MONTH.

IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, SPECIE.

For balances in our favor,	.. 10	per cent.
For balances in favor of Customers	6	,,

IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, PAPER MONEY.

For balances in our favor ..	.. 10	per cent.
For balances in favor of Customers	5	,,
Deposits on 15 days' notice, paper		,,
Do. do. do. gold		,,
Do. 30 days' do. paper		,,
Do. do. do. gold		,,
Fixed deposits from		,,

P. P. Maua & Co.,
M. A. de FREITAS AMORIM.

January 1st, 1867.

The Argentine Marine Insurance Company.

Established in this City, insure at moderate premiums all risks by sea or on the river.

Office—118 CALLE PIEDAD

DIRECTORS.

Sor. Don Tomas Armstrong, President.
,, Jacob Farraviani, Vice-President.
,, Ambrosio F. Lenica.
,, Enrique Tomkinson.
,, Mariano Casares.
,, Bernardo Yturraspe.
,, Antonio Demarchi.
,, Francisco F. Moreno, Gerente.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE.

SIGHT DRAFTS

Drafts at Sight, for large or small amounts, can be obtained from
WANKLYN & Co.
No. 104 *Calle de San Martin*,
On the following places:—
London,
United States,
All branches of the National Bank
Ireland,
Antwerp,
Paris
Genoa,
Buenos-Ayres, Dec. 2, 1864.
WANKLYN & Co.
104—Calle San Martin—104.
20 d3 x.

The Central Argentine Railway.

Train Time Table from 1st September, 1866.

	departure
From Rosario	7. 0 a.m.
" Roldan	7.48 "
" Cacaranal	8.48 "
" Cañada Gomez	9.38 "
" Tortugas	11. 0 "
" Los Leones	12.30 p.m.
" Frayle Muerto	2 "
	departure
From Frayle Muerto	8 a.m.
" Los Leones	9.20 "
" Tortugas	10.45 "
" Cañada Gomez	12.30 p.m.
" Cacaranal	1.10 "
" Roldan	2.10 "
" Rosario	2.45 "

The trains meet and cross each other at the Tortugas Station.

ROBERT OGILVIE,
General Manager.

146—xp m23.

MERCEDES.

THE CENTRAL HOUSE
OF
TORROBA BROTHERS
Has just received a Large Assortment of
TASTE OF SASHES
READY MADE CLOTHING,
&c., &c., &c.,
For the Coming Season, which will be
SOLD AS CHEAP AS IN BUENOS AYRES.

F. Sprunck & Co.
103—CALLE ZAVALA—103.

Agents for the 'Standard,'
have constantly on hand,
Pianos of Pleyel, Wolff & Co., Paris.
Do of Edward Westermayer, Berlin.
Do of T. Sprunck, Berlin.
Do of J. Blüthner, Leipzig.
Music of all classes.
Stationery.
Books in English, French, Spanish, German, Italian, Portuguese, Dutch, Danish & Swedish.
A large assortment of Engraving and Photographs,
Charts and Maps.
English songs and sacred music.
Books for Children, &c.
T. SPRUNCK & Co.,
Montevideo, Calle Zavala No. 103.
220..xpsm6

PEYREDIEU Y BRADLEY.

Consignatarios de Frutos del Pais
Wool Brokers
Office Calle Peru 259.
91—xp O 10.

JUDSON'S ANILINE DYES.

In Crystals, Powder, or Liquid.

Packed in Bottles, 1 and 2 ozs; or Jars, 1 and 2 lbs. each

NAMES OF COLOURS.			
Magenta	Roseine	Fuchsine	Violet
Purple	Crimson	Mauve	Blue
Green	Canary	Orange	Yellow
Phosphine	Scarlet	Red	Ultramarine
Brown	Black	Regina	Soluble Blue

The majority of our Dyes are entirely soluble in boiling water, and will dye without the addition of other ingredients.

The above may be procured through any London Merchant, or of the proprietors,

DANIEL JUDSON & SON,
12a, Coleman Street, London.
N. B.—Be sure and write for Judson's Dyes.
52—1wn 14

NISSEN & PARKER,

ENGRAVERS, 43 MARK LANE, LONDON.
BANK NOTES,
CHEQUES, DRAFTS,
CERTIFICATES, BONDS,
SHARE PLATES, BANKERS
AND MERCHANTS ACCOUNT BOOKS,
All usual Patterns supplied for
JOINT-STOCK
BANKS and PUBLIC COMPANIES.
GENERAL EXPORTERS
To the East and West Indies, China, and South America, of Saddlery, Fire Arms, Clothing, Plated Wire, Musical Instruments, &c., &c.,
For Sale for Consumption
1y 1 pm,s13

Messrs. Bradley & Co.

Have opened an establishment for the despatch of goods from the Custom-house, lighterage, &c, and hope by strict attention to business to merit a share of public support.

51—BALCARCE—51.
33 | 1m a6

LONDON AND RIVER PLATE BANK (LIMITED.)

80—CALLE DE LA PIEDAD—80

Authorised Capital .....£2,000,000 sterling.
Subscribed Capital ..... £1,500,000 do.
Reserve Fund Jan. 1866.....£130,000 do.

Current accounts opened with parties properly introduced and interest allowed on credit balances.

Customers have the advantage of drawing cheques—of having approved bills discounted—of obtaining loans upon negotiable securities—of depositing bills, coupons, &c. for collection—and of lodging with the Bank valuable property in the fire proof strong rooms for safe custody.

Deposit Accounts—Deposits received from the public generally—either for fixed periods or subject to seven or thirty days notice of withdrawal—Interest on which is regulated by the market value of money, the bank notifying any change in the rate by advertisement in the principal daily papers.

Bill of Exchange—issued on the following places—

London,
Dublin,
Paris,
Antwerp,
Hamburg,
Genoa,
Rio de Janeiro,
Montevideo.
Rosario.

A. E. SMITHERS.
Manager,

Buenos Ayres—March 2, 1867.

London and River Plate Bank (LIMITED).

80—CALLE DE LA PIEDAD—80.

The rates of interest allowed and charged by the Bank will be as follows, till further notice:

ALLOWED.

On deposits in both currencies in account current,	}	3 per cent.
On do. do. for 90 days fixed,		4 "
On do. do. subject to 30 days notice of withdrawal,	}	4 "

CHARGED.

On debit balances in account current in both currencies,	}	7 per cent.

A. E. SMITHERS,
Manager.

Buenos Ayres April 15, 1867.

Deafness.

ABRAHAM'S Celebrated Apparatus for Deafness.

49 Rue d'Angouleme St. Honoré a Paris.

Consisting of small voice conductors so placed in the ear as to be imperceptible, being the colour of the flesh, by which the sound is conveyed without any inconvenience and enables deaf persons to hear distinctly.

Numerous testimonials from persons who have experienced the most beneficial results from their use, with directions how to use them. May be seen at the office of this paper, or by applying at the Inventor pd. 44 Rue D'Angouleme St. Honore, Paris. Prices 15 francs the pair in silver, 20 francs the pair in silver gilt.

LANDED ESTATES OFFICE.

Directed by
DANIEL C. KELLY.

This office undertakes farming transactions in all its varied branches, under the supervision of the director, who, is an estated practical farmer of many years experience, full conversant with the Laws and country, and thoroughly acquainted with the nature and qualities of the pasture in the different localities.

Parties holding Title Deeds with any sort of flaw are hereby requested *not* to apply at this office—those who wish to sell lands through this office will be required to present their title deeds for examination, as the director will not admit any transactions liable to lawsuits. Lands can be purchased at this office from Government or private parties, in any part of the Republic. There are at present tracts of different sizes for sale and to rent. This office has branches all through the country, but the head office is adjoining the directors residence in the town of Los Flores, where application by letter through the Post or personally may be made. The city office is under the superintendance of Messrs. Natts and Wilkinson, Plaza 11 Setiembre.

0 58..xpw d m1

FERRO-CARRIL DEL OESTE

POR ORDEN DE LA COMISION.

La Administracion previene al público que desde el 1° de Marzo el Servicio de los trenes será como sigue, tanto los dias de fiesta como de trabajo:

SALDRAN DEL PARQUE

El 1° A Chivilcoy á las 7 de la mañana
El 2° A Moron á las 8 de la mañana
El 3° A Moreno á las 10 de la mañana
El 4° A Chivilcoy á las 2 de la tarde
El 5° A Moron á las 4 de la tarde
El 6° A Moreno á las 5 de la tarde

Y LOS REGRESOS SERAN

El 1°	de Moreno sale á las	7 30	llega á las	9	
El 2°	de Moron sale á las	10	llega á las	11	
El 3°	de Chivil'y sale á las	6 30	llega á las	12	
El 4°	de Moron sale á las	1 30	P. M.	3	
El 5°	de Chivil'y sale á las	1 30	P. M.	7	15
El 6°	de Moron sale á las	7	P. M.	8	

WATSON'S HOTEL.
BELGRANO,
TWO SQUARES FROM THE STATION,
Where one of the best Breakfasts and Dinners can be had in the Country.

BREAKFASTS, - $20
DINNERS, - - - 25

The most Choice Collection of Wines, Spirits, and Fancy Drinks.

MONTHLY BOARDERS AT TOWN PRICES.

ENGLISH TAILOR,
39—CALLE DEFENSA—39.

JUST RECEIVED,
A GENERAL ASSORTMENT
OF
Spring and Summer Goods,
FOR
Men, Youths, and Boys,
ALSO
A Large Assortment of Ready-Made Clothing suitable for the Season.

GEORGE ELLIS,
39—CALLE DEFENSA—39.
194, xp—s29

Edward Jones, M.D,

Member of Royal College of Surgeons, England, and Licentiate of Apothecaries' Society, London,
Consulting and Operative Surgeon,
PAYSANDU,
Banda Oriental.
125 | 3m,m20

Bate & Livingston,

Importers and Commission merchants.—Receive orders for United States for any class of Goods; 60 & 64 Calle San Martin.
134 | xp m20

Reply to Mr. Latham's Work.

REVIEW OF WILFRID LATHAM'S WORK on Sheepfarming in Buenos Ayres, &c. By John Hannah.

The entire proceeds of the sale of this Review the author has generously ceded in favour of the funds of the British Hospital.

MACKERN BROTHERS, 44 SAN MARTIN.
181 | 1m,m29

THE PANTECHNETHECA.
88 Calle Rivadavia 88.

For a Good Cigar.
For Good Tobacco, French & Bristol Birds Eye.
For Good English Perfumery.
For Pretty Ornaments.
For Good Stationary and a variety of other articles too numerous to mention.

THE PANTECHNETHECA,
88. Calle Rivadavia 88.
Only English Cigar Store.
1 | xp j3

Nurse.

MRS. M. ISARD offers her services as Nurse in Rosario or Buenos Ayres. References—Dr. Leslie, Buenos Ayres; Rev. Thomas Carter, Rosario. Address Mrs. M. Isard, Rosario.
138 | 3m,f22

THE PROVINCIAL BANK OF BUENOS AYRES.

BUSINESS HOURS FROM 10 A.M. TO 4 P.M.

Deposits of not less than $400 m/c. and $f.16 received. These deposits will not be entitled to interest if retired before the expiration of sixty days from the date of such deposit; after sixty days they will be entitled to interest from the date of the deposit. All interests not collected shall at the end of each year be capitalized. All deposits at interest shall be entered in a book which the Bank will deliver to the depositors, in which all payments of interest and capital shall be entered, and all interest shall be payable after the first of the month or on retiring the deposit.

The Bank also receives deposits in account current, payable at sight, as above-mentioned.

The Bank discounts bills with two signatures having from seven to ninety days to run; it also discounts mercantile bills of from seven days to six months, on the condition that at maturity they are paid in full.

The Bank draws at sight upon the following branches:—

DOLORES, | CHIVILCOY,
SAN NICOLAS, | MERCEDES,
LOBOS.

The Bank pays commission to Brokers on the first discounting of bills and promissory notes.

RATES OF INTEREST.

ALLOWS—

To private depositors, 5 per cent. per annum m/c.
Do., do, 5 do., do., specie.
To private depositors, in account current, 2 per cent. per annum do.
Do., do., 2 do., do., cur.

CHARGES—

Discounts in currency, 7 per cent. per annum.
Do., specie, 7 do., do.,

E. V. ZAMUDIO,
Secretary.

Buenos Ayres, March 28, 1867.
183 | xp,m29

GUINNESS'S
Celebrated Extra Stout
in quarts and pints at
BARRY & WALKER'S,
Sole Agents,
97—Calle Defensa—97.
155—xp m26

GERMAN BURMEISTER,

Consignatario de Frutos del Pais,
Wool and Produce Broker,
105—CALLE VENEZUELA—105

English Family Wine Merchants

EDWARD MEDLICOTT & CO.

Beg to advise Consumers that they have received, per several steamers, from the first Wine Growers in Europe, the following choice assortments of Spanish, Portuguese, and French Wines, in cases, octaves, and quarter-casks, now on sale at their depot:—

Spanish Wines:

Superior Montillado....Duff Gordon.
Table Sherry.....do.
Do. .....Pemartin & Co.

Portuguese Wines:

Superior Port ....Offley, Cramp, & Co.
Do. do. ....Sanderman & Co.
Do. Lisbon Port Medlicott & Co.
Do do. Table Wine ..... } do.
Collares Red Wine do.
Superior Dry Lisbon 1st & 2nd quality } do.
Superior Bucellas, 1st & 2nd quality } do.

French Wines:

Chateau Larose .. { James Violet & Co. Bordeaux.
Saint Jullien..... do. do.
Star Claret ..... do. do.
Haut Sauterne ....
Chateau Iquem....
Chateau Nargeau..
Do. Lafite....

Rhenish Wines.

Lielfranmilch ....
Ruvesheimer.....
Sparkling Moselle..
Do. Hock....

Ale and Porter:

An assortment of the following marks, in pints and quarts: Ind Coope, Wm. Younger & Co., always on hand.

Champagne:

In pints and quarts of the well-known mark La Perte.

Besides the above they have always a supply of Marmalade, Jams, Preserved Fruits, Vinegar, &c., &c.

EDWARD MEDLICOTT & CO.,
33—*RECONQUISTA*—33.
AND
AGENCY IN MONTEVIDEO
74—CALLE 25 DE AGOSTO—74.

Photographic Gallery,
74—CALLE BELGRANO—74.

Carte-de-Visite Pictures, $50 per doz.
Life Size, with frame complete, 200 each.
Likenesses in Frames and Cases of all Sizes.
Porcelain Pictures for Breast Pins, $60 each.
Porcelain Pictures in Frames, from $80 upwards.
Likenesses on Metal Plates for Breast Pins, $30.

Successors to Meeks & Kelsey.
38 | 1m,m9

BARON LIEBIG'S
EXTRACT OF MEAT,
(EXTRACTUM CARNIS LIEBIG).

PREPARED BY THE BUENOS AYRES EXTRACT OF BEEF COMPANY.

STEAM PROCESS.

REDUCTION IN PRICE.

Having received of late innumerable applications for this invaluable restorative, together with many testimonials of very respectable families as to its efficiency in infantile debility, at the same time we exonerate ourselves of all blame for the late deficiency of supply. We are happy to inform all persons suffering from indigestion, mothers of family, and invalids in general, we have on hand the Genuine Article, prepared in strict accordance to Baron Liebig's Instructions, and from the Best Meat of Picked Cattle.

Jars containing 4 oz. [equal to 8lbs. of fresh beef], $30.

Jars containing 8 oz. [equal to 16lbs. of fresh beef], $55.

Jars containing 1lb. [equal to 32lbs. of fresh beef], $100.

Sole Agent for Buenos Ayres—
W. CRANWELL,
Pharmaceutist and Chemist,
199 | xp,j24 30 Calle Rivadavia.

Harmonium or Orgue á Percussion.

For Sale, a first-class instrument, with fifteen stops, from the celebrated manufactory of Alexandre, Paris; it is suitable for Family use or Chapel Service. For particulars address X., this office.
28 | xp,m8

Al Comercio.

Avisamos que con fecha 1.° de Abril hemos abierto una casa de Remate, Comisiones y depósito, calle San Martin No. 138. Esta casa anticipa dinero por todo lo que se le lluve á venderse en remate, para facilitar el negocio.

J. MILTON—P. ESCALANTE.
47—10p a10

"THE QUEEN"
FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL, £2,000,000.

INCOME, £160,000.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

Insurances against loss or damage by fire may be effected with this Company on Dwelling Houses, Warehouses, Buildings, Merchandize and Goods in the Custom-house, Bonded Stores, and private ones, Produce in the Barracas or in Deposit Stores, in the Lighters or on Board; and on nearly every description of property.

Rates of premium vary according to the nature of the risks, and will be found as moderate as those of other first-class offices.

Losses by Explosion of Gas paid for. Loses by fire arising from lightning made good.

The advantages obtained by those who assure with the "Queen" are fully mentioned in the prospectuses. Life Policies are indisputable; advances to policy holders, &c. The "Queen" enoys to so great an extent the confidence and support of the public in England that the Postmaster-General has selected it, for the insurance of the lives of the clerks and other officials.

The undersigned General Agent of the Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company is duly authorized by power of attorney to issue policies and to settle and pay losses in Buenos Ayres with promptitude and liberality, without reference to the chief office in England.

Official registration has been entered in the Registro Publico, in accordance with the existing laws of this Republic.

Apply for Insurances and other details from 11 to 3 daily, No. 121 Calle 25 Mayo, corner of Corrientes, to

CONSTANT SANTA-MARIA,
General Agent of the Company.
181 1y—a3

Boca, Barracas & Ensenada Railway,
Between Venezuela and Tres Esquinas.

From and after Monday, March 25, inclusive, the Trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.

Stations.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Venezuela	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Boca	7 10	8 10	9 10	10 10	11 10	12 10	1 10	2 10	3 10	4 10	5 10	6 10	7 10	8 10
Tres Esquinas	7 20	8 20	9 20	10 20	11 20	12 20	1 20	2 20	3 20	4 20	5 20	6 20	7 20	8 20
Tres Esquinas	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Boca	6 10	7 10	8 10	9 10	10 10	11 10	12 10	1 10	2 10	3 10	4 10	5 10	6 10	7 10
Venezuela	6 20	7 20	8 20	9 20	10 20	11 20	12 20	1 20	2 20	3 20	4 20	5 20	6 20	7 20

RETURN.

Stations.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Tres Esquinas	6 30	7 30	8 30	9 30	10 30	11 30	12 30	1 30	2 30	3 30	4 30	5 30	6 30	7 30
Boca	6 40	7 40	8 40	9 40	10 40	11 40	12 40	1 40	2 40	3 40	4 40	5 40	6 40	7 40
Venezuela	6 50	7 50	8 50	9 50	10 50	11 50	12 50	1 50	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	7 50
Tres Esquinas	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Boca	6 10	7 10	8 10	9 10	10 10	11 10	12 10	1 10	2 10	3 10	4 10	5 10	6 10	7 10
Venezuela	6 20	7 20	8 20	9 20	10 20	11 20	12 20	1 20	2 20	3 20	4 20	5 20	6 20	7 20

From Monday, the 25th March, inclusive, the following alterations will be made in the Traffic: One third of the First Class Saloons will be converted into smoking apartments, with communication with the other part of the saloons. The cars hitherto used as Smoking Saloons will be used entirely for second class passengers. First class passengers will pay, as at present, five dollars, children from 3 to 10 years, three dollars; second class, three dollars, children two dollars. Return tickets, good for the day, will be given—first class eight dollars, children five dollars; second class five dollars, children three; also monthly tickets of first class for two hundred dollars.

Flag stations at Casa Amarilla and Barraca de Peña. Passengers wishing to alight there will give previous notice to the guard.

HARRY SIMPSON, Manager.

La Bienhechora del Plata
MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE
AND
SAVINGS FUND ASSOCIATION

Guaranteed by National Bonds at 6 per cent. consolidated. For the formation of Capitals, annuities, Incomes, &c.

Authorised by special decree of the National Government dated May 7, 1864

GOVERNMENT DELEGATE.
Sr. Don José Maria Cantilo.
Committee.
Sr. D. Mariano Miró ..... President.
" Eduardo Lumb.....Vocal.
" Enrique Ochoa..... "
" Pedro Holterhoff.... "
" José Martinez de Hoz "
Consulting Committee
Sr. Don Antonio C. Cambaceres.
" Enrique Peltzer.
" Estanislao Frias.
" Edmundo von Seutter.
Dr. Don Francisco Alcobendas.
DIRECTOR GENERAL.
Sr. Dn. Francisco F. Moreno.
INSPECTOR GENERAL IN THE ARGENTINE AND ORIENTAL REPUBLICS.
Sr. Don Jorge Percy.
BANKERS.
The Provincial Bank.
RESIDENCE.
Calle Piedad 118 [2nd. altos.]

Condition on the 20th February, 1867.
Capital Subscribed—2,313,732 31 sil.
Number of Policies—2136,
Bonds Purchased—512,238 53 sil.
For further particulars apply at the office of the Company.

Notice.

Any person acquainted with the address of Mr. Paterson, who landed here per English packet of March last, and who will be kind enough to send the same to Mr. Hopkins, 190 San Martin, will confer a favor.
68 | 2p,a14

Just Received,
PRIME CORK BUTTER,
(Mark, 'Double Rose,')
IN
FIRKINS AND JARS.
BLOOD AND WOLFE'S PORTER,
IN
QUARTS AND PINTS.
55—CALLE DEFENSA—55.
35 | 11p,a12

Banco Argentino.

The above Establishment will be installed in this market this current month. The gentlemen who have taken shares in it are noticed that Dn. Bernardo Iturraspe is authorized to collect the First Quota of 15 per cent., which will be made effective from the 10th of the present month.
49 | 6p,a12 THE COMMITTEE.

Hornung's Hotel,
201—Calle Belgrano—201,

Only two squares from the Plaza Monserrat, and five squares from the Southern Railway Tramway Station, where the best Breakfasts and Dinners, with good accommodation, are to be had. Always on hand a choice collection of wines and spirits.
38 | 12p,a12

J. F. Van Oppen,
9—CALLE FLORIDA—9,

Has just received per ss. Uruguay—
Butter, in Kegs and Jars.
English and Irish Bacon.
Do., do., and Westphalin Hams.
Wiltshire and Stilton Cheese.
Dutch Round Cheese.
Dutch Plate Gras Cheese.
Dutch Salted Herrings, in Kegs.
Smyrna Figs.
Martell's Old Brandy.
Bass' Pale Ale, in Kilderkins.
Bass' do., Bottles.
All of the finest qualities, which will be sold at moderate prices.
45 | 14p,a12

On and after the 15th day of April, 1867, the Trains will run as follows:—

GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

DEPARTURE.

Stations.	1	2	3	4
Buenos Ayres	A.M. 7 30	A.M. 4 30	P.M. 5 40	P.M. 6 10
Plaza Constitucion,	7 40	4 40	5 55	6 20
Barracas	8 30	5 30	6 45	7 10
Barracas al Sud.	8 40	5 40	6 55	7 20
Lomas de Zamora	9 3	6 3	7 18	7 43
Glew	9 9	6 9	7 24	7 49
San Vicente	9 30	6 28	7 45	8 10
Donselaar				
Ferrari				
Jeppener				
Allamirano				
Gándara				
Chascomus				

RETURN.

Stations.	1	2	3	4
Chascomus	A.M. 7 55	A.M. 9 25	P.M. 2 55	P.M. 5 55
Gándara				
Facia				
Jeppener				
Ferrari				
Donselaar				
San Vicente				
Glew				
Lomas de Zamora				
Barracas				
Barracas al Sud.				
Plaza Constitucion,				
Buenos Ayres	A.M. 7 7	A.M. 8 35	P.M. 3 22	P.M. 6 22

PASSENGER FARES

From 16th October, 1866, until further notice.

	1 Cls. Down.	2 Cls. 1 Cls. Return.	2 Cls. Return.
Buenos Ayres, Boleteria Central, 117 Calle Lima, Plaza Constitution	$3	$...—$...	$...
Barracas	5	3— 7	6
Lomas de Zamora	15	10— 25	15
Glew	25	20— 40	30
San Vicente	40	30— 60	45
Donselaar	60	40— 75	60
Ferrari	65	50—100	75
Jeppenor	75	60—115	90
Fucia	90	70—135	105
Gandara	110	80—165	120
Chascomus	110	90—165	135

xp,d7 THE ADMINISTRATION.

DEPARTURE.

Stations.	1	2	3	4
25 de Mayo.	A.M. 7 45		P.M. 2 40	P.M. 5 40
Rietiro.	8 ..		3 ..	6 ..
Palermo.	8 20		3 20	6 20
Belgrano.	....	A.M. 10 20	....	....
Rivadavia.	....	10 35	....	....
Olivos.	....	10 50	....	....
San Isidro.	....	11 5	....	....
S. Fernando.	....	11 20	....	....
Tigre.	....	12 ..	....	....

RETURN.

Stations.	1	2	3	4
Tigre.	A.M. 8 ..	A.M. 11 45	P.M. 2 45	P.M. 5 45
S. Fernando.	8 20	12 ..	3 ..	6 ..
San Isidro.	8 35	12 20	3 20	6 20
Olivos.	8 50	12 35	3 35	6 35
Rivadavia.	9 ..	12 50	3 50	6 50
Belgrano.	9 10	1 ..	4 ..	7 ..
Palermo.	....	1 20	....	....
Retiro.	....	1 35	....	....
25 de Mayo.	9 25	1 50	4 45	7 45

On and after the 15th of April, 1867, the Trains will run as follows:—

THE NORTHERN RAILWAY.

DEPARTURE.

Stations.	1	2	3	4
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Retiro	8 ..	11 45	2 45	5 45
Palermo	8 20	12 ..	3 ..	6 ..
Chacarita	8 35	12 20	3 20	6 20
Belgrano	8 50	12 35	3 35	6 35
Coghlan	9 ..	12 50	3 50	6 50
Olivos	9 10	1 ..	4 ..	7 ..
Maypu	9 25	1 15	4 15	7 15
Dolores	11 ..	3 ..	6 ..	9 ..
Las Flores	1 ..	5 ..	8 ..	11 ..
Monsalvo	3 ..	7 ..	10 ..	1 ..
Indio Muerto	5 ..	9 ..	12 ..	3 ..
Saladillo	7 ..	11 ..	2 ..	5 ..
Roque Perez	9 ..	1 ..	4 ..	7 ..
Lobos	11 ..	3 ..	6 ..	9 ..

RETURN.

Stations.	1	2	3	4
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Lobos	8 ..	11 ..	2 ..	5 ..
Roque Perez	10 ..	1 ..	4 ..	7 ..
Saladillo	12 ..	3 ..	6 ..	9 ..
Indio Muerto	2 ..	5 ..	8 ..	11 ..
Monsalvo	4 ..	7 ..	10 ..	1 ..
Las Flores	6 ..	9 ..	12 ..	3 ..
Dolores	8 ..	11 ..	2 ..	5 ..
Maypu	9 45	1 45	4 45	7 45
Olivos	10 ..	2 ..	5 ..	8 ..
Coghlan	10 15	2 15	5 15	8 15
Belgrano	10 30	2 30	5 30	8 30
Chacarita	10 45	2 45	5 45	8 45
Palermo	11 ..	3 ..	6 ..	9 ..
Retiro	11 20	3 20	6 20	9 20

The Trains will stop at Palermo and Rivadavia in case there be passengers for those stations. Passengers wishing to get out at them should advise the guard of the train—without this precaution the trains will not stop.

Steamers that start from the Tigre in combination with the Trains—

Trains will start from the Retiro, in connection with the steamers, by the 10 a.m. trains For the days of sailing of the steamers, or other information, apply to the agents, where ticket. can be had for Rosario, Paraná, and intermediate ports. Agents—W. Matti & Co., 30 Cangallo.
LA ADMINISTRATION.

To be Sold, Cheap.

An Upright Piano, in good condition. Address 'Piano', this office.
38 | 3p,a12

LA ESTRELLA.
ARGENTINE FIRE INSURANCE CO.
AT FIXED PREMIUM.

Authorized by decrees of the National and Provincial Governments.

CAPITAL 2,000,000 HARD DOLLARS.

DIRECTORS.

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Eduardo Lumb,
José Martinez de Hoz,
Ambrosio Demarchi,
Jorge Drabble,
Manuel S. de Zumaran.

Manager—Sr. D. FRANCISCO P. MORENO.
Inspector-General—Dr. Federico Llafrink.

Co.'s Office, 118 Calle Piedad, altos.

The Company insures on equitable terms, and at a fixed premium, every description of property. The Company is solely and exclusively responsible for losses occasioned by fire which may be suffered by insured parties.

The Insurance may be effected for periods ranging from one month to ten years. The total premium is payable in advance, in cases where the Insurance is effected for a term of one year or less; and annually where the term exceeds one year. In terms of from 5 to 10 years, payment in advance of 5 years premium, entitles the Insured to the reimbursement of one year's premium: or in other words the Company will only charge the premium corresponding to four years.

Payment in advance of ten year's premium entitles the Insured to the reimbursemont of two year's premium; with a further abatement of 10 p: cent: on the premium corresponding to the term of eight years: that is he will only be charged with the amount of eight year's premiums—less 10 p. cent.

The Company furnishes guarantees of the highest character, from the fact of there being no other Fire Insurance Company, at a fixed premium, having its head residence in the Argentine Republic; and also from the circumstance of large capital.

The Company's funds are deposited in the Provincial Bank.

Further particulars will be furnished on application at the Company's Offices.
93 xp n15

STEAMBOAT AGENCY OF
ALVAREZ & RISSO,
99½—*RECONQUISTA*—99½.

For Montevideo:

The Italian Steamer TEVERE, Captain Maccu, will leave on Tuesdays and Fridays, at 6 p.m., returning on Fridays and Sundays, at daybreak.

For Montevideo:

The English Steamer VILLA DEL SALTO, Captain B. Magnasco, will leave on Saturdays at five p.m., returning on Tuesdays at six a.m.

For Montevideo:

The Oriental Steamer RIO DE LA PLATA, Captain C. Anavitarte, will leave on Wednesdays at 6 p.m., returning on Saturdays at daybreak.

For Montevideo:

The Oriental Steamer EL ORIENTAL, Capt. B. Boni, will leave on Mondays and Thursdays, returning on Wednesdays and Sundays. Passengers, parcels, and cargo taken at the usual rates.

For Salto and Ports:

The English Steamer VILLA DEL SALTO, Captain B. Magnasco, will leave on Tuesdays at ten a.m., returning on Saturdays at 6 a.m.

For Salto and Ports:

The Oriental Steamer RIO DE LA PLATA, Captain C. Anavitarte, will leave on Saturdays at 10 a.m., returning on Wednesdays at daybreak.

For Corrientes and Ports:

The National Steamers PROVEEDOR and AMILIA will leave alternately on Sundays, at 10 a.m.

In conjunction with the steamers Villa del Salto and Rio de la Plata the Mercedes will ply to Mercedes, and the Gualeguaychu to Gualeguaychu.

The Steamer Tevere can receive cargo to the amount of 170 tons for Montevideo.

The Steamers Villa del Salto and Rio de la Plata take cargo for Salto and Concordia only; freight $f.8 mln. per 40 cubic feet, under the usual conditions.

The diligences of Nueva Palmira and Dolores, Banda Oriental, run in connection with the steamers Villa del Salto and Rio de la Plata, leaving Nueva Palmira on Wednesdays and Sundays, and Dolores, for Nueva Palmira, on Tuesdays and Fridays.

The Steamers Proveedor and Amilia can receive cargo to the amount of 200 tons at $f.16 per ton.

Small parcels, as Encomiendas, are to be allowed in the Agency only up to 5 p.m. the day before the sailing of the steamer.

Tickets are issued, cargo despatched, and all information of sailings, &c., given at the Agency—
99½—RECONQUISTA—99½.
xp s21

KEAN & GOERKE,

Grocers, Provision Dealers,
Ship Chandlers, Custom-House Agents,
and Camp Agents in General.
For Sale from 5,000 to 8,000 Sheep, also several Leagues of Land to Sell or Rent, &c., &c., &c., &c.
76, 78, and 80 Calle Aduana,
(Opposite the Hotel Colon),
ROSARIO.

GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

WINTER TIME TABL

The Daily and Weekly Standard
TO BE HAD
EVERY MORNING,
AT THE
AGENCY OF MR. HERRING,
44—Paseo Julio—44.

Photographs,
FOR ALBUMS, &c. TO SEND BY POST.
SCENES OF LIFE
In this City, the Neighborhood, and the Camp with sketches of Brazil, Chile, and other American and European countries, besides various city views of the chief plazas, streets and public buildings.
LIKENESSES
Of remarkable characters, both men and women, of all classes, times and countries.
INTERESTING VIEWS
Of the most famous places in the country, with 22 sketches of the great battles, allied positions, and principal events in the present war with Paraguay.
INDIANS.
Cartes de visite of the principal Indian Chiefs, single or in groups.
38—SAN MARTIN—28.
LIBRERIA DEL PLATA.
38 | 1m a6

Engineering Shop in the Tigre.
The undersigned begs to announce to his friends and the public in general that he has established a branch shop in the Tigre to act in combination with his town establishment, No. 117 Paseo Julio, and he hopes thereby to accommodate his customers with the greatest promptitude and despatch to all orders his friends may favor him with.
WILLIAM STEPHENS.
20..1m a6

Subscription to the "Standard,"
$30 PER MONTH.
ADVERTISEMENTS
Not exceeding five lines inserted three times for $5.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.
No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Standard.

"Nil falsi audeam, nil veri non audeam dicere."
CICERO.

SUNDAY, APRIL 21, 1867.

LATEST FROM MONTEVIDEO.

(BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH).

Montevideo, April 18.

The Liverpool steamer Cordova has arrived, bringing dates to March 12.

The Fenian Council in Dublin has been arrested.

Wicklow, Kildare, Queen's County, King's County, Louth, and other counties in arms.

The American Congress has passed a Committee Bill of sympathy with Ireland.

Russia—The Eastern question very alarming.

The *Times* points to the United States and Russia as dangerous.

April 19.

The Daiman's passengers are ashore.

Cholera at Curuzu; average 150 deaths daily. Tuyuti as yet not infected. Corrientes devastated.

Two cases of cholera occurred here on Wednesday.

Storm last night—raining still.

April 20.

Regina Mare, with fifty friars, has arrived.

The Galgo arrived from Rio. Crisis continues.

Six cases of cholera at Lunatic Asylum—two died yesterday.

Lovely day.

Flores expected to-morrow.

Decree expected to close the port.

Sylph leaves to-night.

THE STATE OF THE CITY.

It may be truth fully remarked that the people of Buenos Ayres are at present reaping the consequences of a slop shod civilization, which, whilst it gave a varnish daub, or an outside coat to our customs, manners, and garments, neglected in toto the material necessities of a rapidly increasing population and all that conduces to the comfort and convenience of physical life.

A very little enquiry will suffice to convince us all, that if to-day we are suffering more acutely than our neighbors in Montevideo, from a dangerous and fatal epidemic, it is but the inevitable consequences of our criminal neglect of the great physical and social wants of this city.

For years we have called attention to these matters: we have cried out for a public park, as of the most vital importance for our working classes, a decent cementery as an essential to bury our dead; but all to no purpose. There ever was, ever is, and we greatly fear, ever will be a general hitch in every thing which defeats improvement. The eternal change of our public men baffles all responsibility; we can charge no one with neglect for the constitution foments the evil. Some of the best men in town are Municipales to-day, they are unceasing in their efforts but in a few months their time of office expires, and possible in goes a crowd of lottery ticket sellers as their successors. Public attention is also ever misdirected; we are all looking the wrong way; the truth be told we are too far ahead of ourselves. Last week we were all studying Gen. Asboth's notes and the replies of the Argentine and Paraguayan Ministers, when we should have been white washing the fronts of our houses or in our back patios cleaning out the "communes." We knew there was danger; we read of the deaths in Rio Janeyro and Rosario. We were all aware that within the circumference of two or three miles in the swamps of Tuyuty, lay 40,000 human corps with hardly a shovel full of earth to cover therein possibly an equal number of dead horses. We had read that the meeting shows of the Andes had washed over the Paraguayan Golgotha, and carried from the steppes of Matto Grosso to the rocky shore of Martin Garcia decayed vegetable matter of we may say, generations; and yet with all this speaking testimony of danger, what have we done. *Has there been a single water cart in this city Stopped.* Has the President in his private study. The Ministers in the Government house or even the priest in the pulpit cautioned the unfortunate and doomed poorer classes, of the great danger. We have it from an English Doctor of extensive praetice, that of the hundred of cases which he attended, all; without a solitary exception were supplied daily with River Water.

It will be said that there is no river water in Rio Janeyro; but the disease was imported into Rio by a steamer which took to Paragnay live bombs &c. and returned to Rio for another cargo, and filthy as that city is, the absence of the insidious poison river water, was immediately shown by the extinction of the epidemic. But the events of last week have astouded us all; fifty thousand people have fled the city within the last six days. The ordinary means of transit expensive as they are were insufficient, waggons and bullock-carts were called into requisition, and such was the extent of the stampede; that hundreds of Italian workmen left for the camp on foot. On Thursday morning the scene at the Western Railway terminus, baffled all description, such was the impetuosity of the affrighted crowd that athough extra officials were posted at the doors, the human tide swept over every barrier. At the Southern Railway, on Wednesday the exodus commenced; and along the Calla Large in Barracas from Monday evening until Good Friday morning there was one continued string of coaches, bullock-carts, waggons, horsemen, and even pedestrians, which impressed on the minds of even the strongest and most stoic feelings unsusceptible of expression.

The Municipal mortality returns for Saturday shows a marked diminution. Good Friday was ushered in by a severe thunder storm, and followed by a very heavy fall of rain. Happy indeed are we to think that the worst has passed. Canon Fahey, who has been through the hospitals, assures us that the cases are since Thursday diminishing, and most of those attacked now with a little care and attention recover. We believe, therefore, we have nearly passed through the fearful ordeal. The milkmen from the Southern suburbs inform us that every mud hut on the road is crowded, whilst in the towns of Quilmes, Lomas Zamora, and San Vicente such is the great increase of the population that three-fourths of the milkmen have stopped coming to Buenos Ayres, finding a nearer and better market in these little towns.

Our readers cannot have failed to remark with what studied attention we have laboured to dispel alarm. We have followed out the strict line marked out for journalists under such circumstances, but the sad lesson of the past week must not be lost sight of, and the hour has arrived when it is our duty to place in the pillory of public opinion those who stand in the way of every public improvement, and are the proximate, although not the remote causes of such human affliction.

"Proxima causa et non remota spectatur."

The awful disclosures of the Inspection Committees are as yet only known to a few, but we demand in a voice of thunder that they be published. Let the public be fully acquainted with these staggering facts, and learn the outrageous conduct of the landlords of the poorer classes.

In one of the best streets in town, and within a few squares of the Plaza Victoria, there has been discovered a house, the rooms of which are converted into a pauper's dormitory; banks or shelves are made, one over the other, from the floor to the ceiling, and a night's lodging on one of these is worth one paper dollar; the place is always full. There is another establishment, where a supper of 'puchero,' or boiled meat, with a bunk to sleep on, can be had for three dollars per night. In some of these over one hundred persons sleep nightly, and the strangest part of all this is, that poverty cannot be pleaded as an excuse for such squalor, since almost every occupant of these bunks has more or less money put up in bank. The mortality in such places has, as a matter of course, been severe. But the worst has yet to be told. There are squares in the Calle Reconquista where there is not one 'commune' for every one hundred inhabitants; and but that we fear to offend the fastidious susceptibillties of some of our redaers, we could write a chapter on this subject which would astonish even the very oldest residents of B. Ayres. It is to show up the plague spot of Buenos Ayres, these 'communes,' that we demand the publication of the reports of the 'inspecting committees,' for if the water the poor people drink is liquid poison, the air they respire is still more deadly.

To sum up the miseries which afflict this city we cannot stop here. We must pass out to the 'corrales,' or killing-ground, and there witness the way in which the beef, the great staple food of the people, is prepared for the butcher's market. On an incline plain, at the southernmost part of the city, are large muddy enclosures, where cattle arriving from the country are kept until sold. The place is utterly destitute of pasturage, fodder, or water, and if the animals are not sold in the morning, they must remain shut up until the following day, and often for two or three days, until from sheer starvation they drop down and are got a bargain. Let our readers not for one moment suppose this is an exaggeration, we have it on the most unquestionable authority; and, furthermore, the vegetables in the very market, unsold one day, are held over for the next and the next, until disposed of. Where is the inspector to watch that every animal killed is fit for meat, every vegetable sold is fresh and healthy.

The saladero nuisance has poisoned the waters of the Riachuelo, and millions of fish die at every flood tide of the river, yet there are not wanting sophists to assure us that the saladeros are a healthy nuisance. But the Angel of Death has spread his wings on the blast; the epidemic that has raged so fearfully since the 29th of March in this city is an awful lesson for us all. God grant that we shall profit by it, and that we have our house set in order before another visitation.

THE WAR IN THE ANDES.

DEFEAT OF THE REBELS.

FLIGHT OF SAAS VIDELA, &c. FOR CHILE.

We are again indebted to the kindness of Captain Davis, of the steamer Castor, for very important and satisfactory news from Rosario and the Provinces, as will be seen from the subjoined 'bulletin:'

The arrival of the Castor was signalised by a great display of flags, and the firing of rockets, and a volley of musketry by a party of soldiers on board, which attracted a large concourse of people to the mole, anxious to hear the news, which was received with great enthusiasm. We are now happy to state that the war in the Andes is over, and now we may expect a resumption of the prosperity which has attended Provincial trade of late, and which with peace offers such a large and inviting field for the employment of foreign capital and enterprize.

The Castor amongst the passengers brought down Comandante Paunero (brother to the General) with his suite, who gave some very interesting descriptions of the difficulties which they contended against, dealing with insurgents in an open camp. The enemy after being thoroughly routed, cleared out by the Cordillera for Chile.

The epidemic which has of late unfortunately effected Rosario, we are happy to state, is rapidly subsiding, although several cases still occur every day, and the night before the steamer left Madame Rosa Martines, laundress for all the English steamers, was attacked, and after a few hours illness fell a victim. She was well known and highly respected by almost every one connected with steamers trading on the Parana, and is very much regretted.

This cholera alarm has affected the trade of the town very much, as every person who can flies to the country, and the town has quite a solitary and disordered appearance; but, with the rain which fell on Thursday night, and the fresh breeze which followed, we may fairly hope for an improvement in the general health of the town.

The authorities have been very energetic in taking all the precautionary measures they could, by the putting apart an hospital exclusively for those patients, the burning of bonfires at the corners of all the streets at night, and by the appointment of a Sanitary Committee, the members of which are very diligent in looking after the cleanliness of the place. Dr. Hutchinson, the English Consul, cannot be too highly praised for the energy and personal sacrifices he has made. He is always ready, night or day, where his services are required, and we trust the Municipality will not allow such noble conduct to go unrewarded.

The passage was enlivened by a band of music, which played some very fine pieces from the oratorios of the great masters, suitable for the solemn period of the year.

We have also to thank Capt. Davis for a description of the battle of San Ignacio, by 'me present,' but which we have no room to publish.

La Paz, April 15, 1867.

To the Minister of War Col. D. Julian Martinez.

I have the honor to enclose three official documents which I have just received, and which announce that the head of the rebellion and some 200 soldiers abandoned the city of Mendoza on the evening of the 11th inst., making for the base of the Andes, a similar flight having been made by the traitors who subjugated San Juan.

The vanguard division continues its forced march on the capital of Mendoza, and to-day or to-morrow I shall despatch another division for the province of San Juan, being only waiting to give the bulk of my troops time to rest a little after the forced marches we have made from San Luis to this city. Permit me to congratulate you on the termination of the evils which afflicted this country caused by the treason of Cuyo—

W. PAUNERO.

The notes enclosed contain the following important news -

RIOJA.

Gen. Taboada fell in with Felipe Varela Carlos Anjel Elizardo &c., at a place called "Las Goteras," and at once gave battle; the strength of the rebelds is estimated at 5,100 men, including two regiments of Chilenos, the National troops from 3 to 4,000 men. The battle lasted for a very short time; the rebels took to their heels, and Taboado took a large number of prisoners and 2 pieces of artillery. Campos and Taboada are now on friendly terms.

MENDOZA.

Gov. Rodriguez has fled, and sent a note to E. Garcia, stating that he felt obliged to clear out. Col. Segovia and other political prisoners were at once let out. The two Saas, Rodriguez, Vivas, and others have with a large troop of mules marched for Chile.

SAN JUAN.

The Rebel Government of San Juan has fled and made for the Paso de los Patos to cross the Andes. A general assembly was called and a Provisional Government named. Colonel Arredondo, from a place called Lagunillas, despatched some policemen under Commander Villanueva to military occupation of the city. All Saa's men have disbanded.

CORDOVA.

All connection with Rosario and Buenos Ayres cut off. Dr. Gutierrez, who arrived from Rosario, was despatched to a small town to remain in quarantine for a month.

MONTEVIDEO.

Wednesday, April 17th.

Since Saturday, there has been no steamer leaving this port for B. Ayres, but I sent you the principal news each day by telegram. Most of the steamers now go straight up the Uruguay, avoiding Buenos Ayres, and latest advices from your city are so alarming that there, is great talk of cutting off all communication with Argentine ports. In fact a Cabinet council was held last night on this subject, and there was only one dissentient voice. It was, however, resolved to postpone publishing the decree till the return of Gen. Flores, who left yesterday for Colonia, in the Villa del Salto. Some think the governor's journey has reference to stricter health regulations against persons coming from B. Ayres; others say he is gone to see Capt. King's new dock and submarine railway.

The Opera Co. got out of guarantine on Friday and the Arno passengers on Sunday: Meantime the Brazilians on Flores island are (says the *Opinion*) dying by dozens and thrown overboard. Several people have given up eating fish, and it seems some corpses have been washed ashore causing great alarm among the inhabitants. It would certainly have been more humane to land those poor Brazilians at some point of the Gran Chaco than to send them to die on a bleak sandbank at the mouth of the River Plate.

Up to the present this city has luckily escaped the plague: only 17 cases have occurred since the beginning, about a month ago, and although all proved fatal the figure is so insignificant as to give rise to no apprehensions, there has not been a single case this week. The Junta confiscated some green and rotten fruit, and enforced white-washing: the city is now so clean that there is no reason to fear any epidemic. It is said the deaths in B. Ayres are over a hundred daily, and still the Recoleta is not closed up, nor the Municipality sent about their business: in California they would have made short work of such a corporation!

The iron-clad Brazil, which got so rudely handled in the vicinity of Curupaity, returned on Monday from Rio Janeyro, after making the necessary repairs. The Charrua from Corrientes contradicts the rumor that cholera was making havoc in the Brazilian army.

The steamer Uruguay left for England yesterday, and the Halley to-day both full of passengers: some of these were young men of good families in England, who came out here six or twelve months ago, pretended to be sheep-farmers, but in reality spent their time and money recklessly, and have gone home again no wiser nor richer than they came.

Notwithstanding the difficulty with the U. States, owing to the Cabinet of Washington refusing to recognize the Flores administration, the papers this morning publishes a decree recognizing Mr. James Donaldson Long U. States Consul.

By last mail a Parliamentary Blue-book was received, containing many interesting documents on the Paraguayan war, especially a letter from Mr. Lettsom about the impressment of Paraguayan prisoners-of-war to fight against their flag and country.

The Government has decreed that all military pensions be doubled, and all public clerks failing to be at their posts by 11 o'clock a.m. be dismissed forthwith.

On Easter Monday we are to have the eventful celebration of turning the first sod of a railway in the Oriental Republic: the function will come off at Paso Moulino, and I shall be there to report progress.

Bishop Vera, accompanied by the Rev. Messrs. Cabrera Letamendi, and Yepegny, leaves by English packet to assist at St. Peters' centenary at Rome,

The news brought last Saturday by sailing-vessel from Chile was as follows—Lastarria is a candidate for the Valparaiso elections. Prado has not been deposed but re-elected as Dictator of Peru. Another South American Congress is to be convened at Lima. A revolution occurred in New Grenada. but was put down after some bloodshed.

The only transactions, during these days, on Change have been.

8,000 salted ox-hides from the Uruguay at 58 rls.

4,000 salted cow hides from the Uruguay at 48 rls.

500 pipes tallow at 1887 cts.

2 shares Italian Bank at par.

34 shares Montevidean Bank at 14 prem. including 6 mos. dividend.

There was a meeting of the Commercial Bank on Monday, also of the Microscopic Society same evening.

The Doterel leaves this evening for Rio. The Spiteful left on the 11th for Magellan's Straits to join the Nassau. The latter had a brush with Tierra del Fuego savages. While the officers were taking elevations the Indians were taking their utensils, and one stole the 'artificial horizon.' Lieut. —— ordered his men to fire blank cartridges at them, but it had no effect: they then fired ball over their heads, wounding one of the savages, and putting the rest to flight. A whole tribe, however, soon came down and attacked the marines while pushing off from shore—one officer was wounded. The Nassau is making surveys which will shorten the voyage to the West Coast by more than 100 miles.

LATEST FROM ROSARIO,

[From our own Correspondent.]

April 19, 1867.

We have no official news of importance from the Interior, but we may safely say the back-bone of this foolish revolution is broken. The defeat of the rebels at San Ignacio, headed by the redoubtable General Juan Saa, was a death-blow. And, by the bye, the *Standard* may take to itself the credit of being the first paper that published the intelligence of Juan Saa having arrived at San Luis in time to take charge of the rebel army. The news I transmitted to you I received from a private letter, and at the time it was not believed here; but it turned out to be correct. They took about a dozen prisoners, and I am afraid I shall have to give a bad account of these unfortunate men. From what I can gather, Juan Saa ordered them to be shot at the Desaguadero. The ex-Governor of San Luis, Mr. Daract, I understand, was one of them, as well as Mr. Barbeito, who, I hear, are amongst the victims. This news is not official, and I hope my information may turn out to be false, for I cannot see what object the Saa's could have in such wholesale slaughter. It is too true, however, that the rebels have committed great excesses in Mendoza and San Juan. Many families are completely ruined, and my informant states that it will take these two places ten years to recuperate the losses occasioned by this miserable rebellion.

But it has turned out as I anticipated; there is no force in the Provinces that can withstand for a moment the attack of disciplined troops. This fact indicates the policy that the Government ought to pursue: a Battalion of the Line ought to be stationed at given points in the Provinces: one at Cordoba; another at Mendoza; one in Catamarca, and another in Rioca.

Peace must be bought at any price, for one year of revolution will cost the country more than five annual bills from our friend, the Minister of War.

The soldiers of the San Luis and San Juan Battalions behaved very well at the battle of San Ignacio General Paunero compliments them highly in the 'order of the day,' as also the Buenos Ayres Brigade. It is to be hoped we shall soon have the road clear to Mendoza. Already some of our consignation houses are advertising 'tropas' for San Luis and Mendoza, and we may soon expect the remission of the Chile 'correspondencia' that has agglomerated at the latter place for the last six months; that is to say, if the revolutionists have not destroyed it.

We shall have no news from Cordoba before Saturday; but nothing is now feared from that Province. Neither have we news from Rioja, and about the row between the 'Governor Elect,' and the 'Comandante at Armas,' our friend, General Taboada. To make use of a line from Sheridan, "'Tis a pretty quarrel as it stands.'

Theoretically and practically, Taboada is right; constitutionally, he is wrong. Let diplomatists solve the seeming paradox. The truth is, that Rioja and Catamarca both occupy a paradoxical situation. If the people are allowed to elect their own authorities, they are certain to be against the Liberal party, because these bear a proportion to the Federals, or those Provinces of ninety-five to the hundred. If a Liberal is forced upon them there will be continual rows and continual complaints. In my opinion there are only two ways to get out of the difficulty: one is to declare the Provinces Federal territory under the dominion of Congress, with a liberal military Government, or let the people choose their authorities freely, and then let the National Government make these their friends. The latter can be done. We have cases in point in the provinces of Santa Fé and Entre Rios.

The cholera, I am sorry to say, is not abating in Rosario. I think I may say that there are somewhat fewer fatal cases, but the epidemic is not decreasing. Every day, however, increases the efforts to combat it, and in the hospitals a goodly proportion is saved. As Mr. Hutchinson does not practice his profession for lucre it is but just to award him the only recompense in our power to make him, that is to acknowledge publicly our great obligations to him. Day and night he continues his indefatigable exertions, and appears to be made of iron, for no amount of fatigue seems to afflict him. He has treated already nearly three hundred patients, of which he has lost very few, simply because he takes with him all the requisite remedies, and thus is enabled to attack the disease in its premonitary stages I am surprised that this plan is not acted upon by other medical men. Dr. Petiti, of the Italian gunboat Ardita, is also very active, and Dr. Hertz, the President of the Protomedico, devotes all his time to the disease.

The *Ferro-Carril* does not give the slightest idea of the state of affairs. The editor apparently makes no enquiries. In yesterday's number he speaks of the Committee of the Municipality acting so benevolently, when we all know that there is no such thing as a Municipality, as eight of its members have run away in the greatest fright. The Committee of Hygiene of the Corporation is composed of three members. Two of these, Messrs. Lama & Hunt and Grognet, have behaved, and are behaving, like trumps, not as members of the Municipality, which does not aid them at all, but as simple members of the Philanthropic Society. I am happy to publish their names, as well as those of Mrs. Hutchinson, Mr. and Mrs. Binns, Mr. Bollaert, and Dr. Perez, who with one or two others are the only citizens who, forgetting all other duties and obligations, devote themselves to the cause of humanity in the midst of a terror and alarm that I have never seen equalled in my life.

The little town of San Lorenzo is so crowded with the runaways from the city that there is not a rancho but what is taken and filled; and I am fearful if the disease breaks out there it will make great havoc.

We have had a number of fatal cases of sudden death from diseases of the heart, developed by terror; all are put down to cholera.

Up to twelve o'clock I accompanied Mr. Hutchinson to-day, and of upwards of twenty patients only two will turn out fatally. I may repeat that although there appears to be no decrease in the number attacked, there is a sensible decrease in the number of fatal cases.

Of course there are various modes of treatment, because in reality we have no specific remedy for the cholera in any of its protean forms. Mr. Hutchinson applies frictions and cataplasms of camphorated spirits of turpentine, mustard poultices, chloridyne, arrow root and port wine, brandy and ammonia, and clothes his patients invariably in flannel shirts, placed next the skin. I consider the latter an excellent auxiliary. Camphor saturated in alcohol has been used with good exit as well.

The weather still continues unfavorable—sultry north winds—and no evidences of a change.

The town is deserted, and many mercantile establishments are closed. Holy Week is also a pretext for a complete cessation of all kinds of business. Even the steamers appear to be attacked with some epidemic, as they are very unexact.

I take advantage to-day of Captain Davis' boat, the Castor, to remit you this.

Yours truly,

W. P.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The news from the Provinces is of the most satisfactory nature. The Castor entered port decked out with flags, firing off guns &c, and on shore rockets went up to welcome her before even the news was known.

A gentleman who arrived yesterday from Chascomus informs as that, that town is in a complete hub-bub owing to the thousands who have flocked there since last Wednesday—every house, 'rancho' hamlet, room in the town is occupied; even in the Post-office some of the first families of town are quartered at the Hotel Provencal, there are hundreds, but as some cases of sickness has occurred, hundreds, are now dashing out to Dolores. We have been assured that some trains on the Southern Railway the passenger fares alone paid exceeded sixty thousand dollars mio at Chivilcoy and Mercedes the same rush is felt but we regret to say that in the former town there is already much sickness.

Yesterday the annual report of the Postmaster-General was published and sent round. It is compiled with the greatest care, and gives an insight into the astounding increase of this portion of the public service. The total number of letters which passed through the Post-office last year is 1,894,594, and the number of newspapers 1,395,564. Owing to the very economical and able management of this department we notice that not only is the Post-office self paying but also leaves a surplus for the National treasury.

Last night the steamer left for Montevideo, taking down an unusual number of passengers and very heavy mails. It is impossible to say when she may return from that port. The Sylph is due to-day.

A meeting of Doctors was held on Friday night, and owing to the increased mortality that day it is believed the epidemic has reached it crisis. Yesterday the mortality had considerably diminished.

Governor Alsina wile resume his old post at the Government house on Monday.

The Municipality it appears has at last determined to open a cemetery for the Southern portion of the Convalescencia; the ground has been se apart, and as workmen are scarce the occupants of the hospital or Convalescencia have been hired to work.

We hear that the splendid mansion built by Mr. Crawford, of the Southern Railway; on the margin of the Chascomus lake, has been purchased by Mr. Armstrong in the sum of three hundred and thirty thousand paper dollars. It is one of the finest houses in the camp, and cost much more than this.

Owing to the great heat experienced on Thursday this city was visited by millions of flies; no one can say from whence they came, and on Friday evening at the first advent of the Pampero they all vanished.

On Tuesday afternoon one of our leading shipbrokers took his departure for the States; he was accompanied to the top of the mole by numerous friends. Mr. Tay has for many years been a resident of Buenos Ayres; he leaves for a short trip to his native country, and takes with him the best wishes of a very wide circle of friends who hope to see him shortly return.

Good Friday was what might well be termed a thorough wet day; it rained in torrents in the morning, and in the afternoon we had several very heavy showers; at ½ past 4 p.m. the wind veered round to the South-West, and at Sundown we experienced a wet pampero. The streets in town are beautifully washed, and the prevailing opinion is that the change in the weather will effectually drive off the pest, which has afflicted this city. The cases in the hospitals have diminished and even the funerals in the streets are less frequent, but the great exodus of last week must have a great effect on the Sanitary condition of the town.

The outrageous and reprehensible custom of repairing the streets with city filth has been temporarily suspended, and now all the "vasura" is burnt at a place called the Hueco de los Sauces, the Municipality having engaged 14 peones expressly for this work.

On Holy Thursday President Mitre and the whole National Cabinet, accompanied by about twenty General officers, all dressed in full uniform, made a tour of the churches. Owing to the alarm about the epidemic all the churches in town were deserted. The altars were stationed in the streets at their customary localities, but even the streets were deserted, and we never before recollect such a Holy Week in Buenos Ayres.

There is a project to build a railway from the Salinas to Patagones. Mr Thomas Allen has left in the steamer to survey the proposed line. The Patagonian salt is now becoming so saleable that it may be termed a staple. The proposed line would bring the salt to the seaboard, at a trifling cost. The length of the proposed line is estimated at about 20 leagues; it is possible therefore that the line will be built, as it can already count on a certain trade.

We understand that the very fine house of Sor Galindez, sold by that gentleman to the London and River Plate Bank, has been resold to a wealthy Scotch gentleman recently returned from Europe, in the sum of two thousand ounces.

The last advices we received from Rosario are of a rather unpleasant nature. Several Englishmen had been attacked by the prevailing epidemic, but we are happy to say that none died, although several had been pronounced in the greatest danger and with the worst symptoms.

On Thursday night one of the servants of the Justice of the Peace of North Barracas was attacked by a fellow apparently drunk, who gave the unfortunate boy a fearful cut in the head: chase was given to the fellow, but he escaped.

The Daily and Weekly Standard
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EVERY MORNING,
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In this City, the Neighborhood, and the Camp with sketches of Brazil, Chile, and other American and European countries, besides various city views of the chief plazas, streets and public buildings.
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INDIANS.
Cartes de visite of the principal Indian Chiefs, single or in groups.
38—SAN MARTIN—28.
LIBRERIA DEL PLATA.
38 | 1m a6

Engineering Shop in the Tigre.
The undersigned begs to announce to his friends and the public in general that he has established a branch shop in the Tigre to act in combination with his town establishment, No. 117 Paseo Julio, and he hopes thereby to accommodate his customers with the greatest promptitude and despatch to all orders his friends may favor him with.
WILLIAM STEPHENS.
20..1m a6

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Not exceeding five lines inserted three times for $5.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.
No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Standard.

"Nil falsi audeam, nil veri non audeam dicere."
CICERO.

SUNDAY, APRIL 21, 1867.

LATEST FROM MONTEVIDEO.

(BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH).

Montevideo, April 18.

The Liverpool steamer Cordova has arrived, bringing dates to March 12.

The Fenian Council in Dublin has been arrested.

Wicklow, Kildare, Queen's County, King's County, Louth, and other counties in arms.

The American Congress has passed a Committee Bill of sympathy with Ireland.

Russia—The Eastern question very alarming.

The *Times* points to the United States and Russia as dangerous.

April 19.

The Daiman's passengers are ashore.

Cholera at Curuzu; average 150 deaths daily. Tuyuti as yet not infected. Corrientes devastated.

Two cases of cholera occurred here on Wednesday.

Storm last night—raining still.

April 20.

Regina Mare, with fifty friars, has arrived.

The Galgo arrived from Rio. Crisis continues.

Six cases of cholera at Lunatic Asylum—two died yesterday.

Lovely day.

Flores expected to-morrow.

Decree expected to close the port.

Sylph leaves to-night.

THE STATE OF THE CITY.

It may be truth fully remarked that the people of Buenos Ayres are at present reaping the consequences of a slop shod civilization, which, whilst it gave a varnish daub, or an outside coat to our customs, manners, and garments, neglected in toto the material necessities of a rapidly increasing population and all that conduces to the comfort and convenience of physical life.

A very little enquiry will suffice to convince us all, that if to-day we are suffering more acutely than our neighbors in Montevideo, from a dangerous and fatal epidemic, it is but the inevitable consequences of our criminal neglect of the great physical and social wants of this city.

For years we have called attention to these matters: we have cried out for a public park, as of the most vital importance for our working classes, a decent cementery as an essential to bury our dead; but all to no purpose. There ever was, ever is, and we greatly fear, ever will be a general hitch in every thing which defeats improvement. The eternal change of our public men baffles all responsibility; we can charge no one with neglect for the constitution foments the evil. Some of the best men in town are Municipales to-day, they are unceasing in their efforts but in a few months their time of office expires, and possible in goes a crowd of lottery ticket sellers as their successors. Public attention is also ever misdirected; we are all looking the wrong way; the truth be told we are too far ahead of ourselves. Last week we were all studying Gen. Asboth's notes and the replies of the Argentine and Paraguayan Ministers, when we should have been white washing the fronts of our houses or in our backs patios cleaning out the "communes." We knew there was danger; we read of the deaths in Rio Janeyro and Rosario. We were all aware that within the circumference of two or three miles in the swamps of Tuyuty, lay 40,000 human corps with hardly a shovel full of earth to cover therein possibly an equal number of dead horses. We had read that the meeting shows of the Andes had washed over the Paraguayan Golgotha, and carried from the steppes of Matto Grosso to the rocky shore of Martin Garcia decayed vegetable matter of we may say, generations; and yet with all this speaking testimony of danger, what have we done. *Has there been a single water cart in this city Stopped.* Has the President in his private study. The Ministers in the Government house or even the priest in the pulpit cautioned the unfortunate and doomed poorer classes, of the great danger. We have it from an English Doctor of extensive practice, that of the hundred of cases which he attended, all, without a solitary exception were supplied daily with River Water.

It will be said that there is no river water in Rio Janeyro; but the disease was imported into Rio by a steamer which took to Paragnay live bombs &c. and returned to Rio for another cargo, and filthy as that city is, the absence of the insidious poison river water, was immediately shown by the extinction of the epidemic. But the events of last week have astouded us all; fifty thousand people have fled the city within the last six days. The ordinary means of transit expensive as they are were insufficient, waggons and bullock-carts were called into requisition, and such was the extent of the stampede; that hundreds of Italian workmen left for the camp on foot. On Thursday morning the scene at the Western Railway terminus, baffled all description, such was the impetuosity of the affrighted crowd that athough extra officials were posted at the doors, the human tide swept over every barrier. At the Southern Railway, on Wednesday the exodus commenced; and along the Calla Large in Barracas from Monday evening until Good Friday morning there was one continued string of coaches, bullock-carts, waggons, horsemen, and even pedestrians, which impressed on the minds of even the strongest and most stoic feelings unsusceptible of expression.

The Municipal mortality returns for Saturday shows a marked diminution. Good Friday was ushered in by a severe thunder storm, and followed by a very heavy fall of rain. Happy indeed are we to think that the worst has passed. Canon Fahey, who has been through the hospitals, assures us that the cases are since Thursday diminishing, and most of those attacked now with a little care and attention recover. We believe, therefore, we have nearly passed through the fearful ordeal. The milkmen from the Southern suburbs inform us that every mud hut on the road is crowded, whilst in the towns of Quilmes, Lomas Zamora, and San Vicente such is the great increase of the population that three-fourths of the milkmen have stopped coming to Buenos Ayres, finding a nearer and better market in these little towns.

Our readers cannot have failed to remark with what studied attention we have laboured to dispel alarm. We have followed out the strict line marked out for journalists under such circumstances, but the sad lesson of the past week must not be lost sight of, and the hour has arrived when it is our duty to place in the pillory of public opinion those who stand in the way of every public improvement, and are the proximate, although not the remote causes of such human affliction.

"Proxima causa et non remota spectatur."

The awful disclosures of the Inspection Committees are as yet only known to a few, but we demand in a voice of thunder that they be published. Let the public be fully acquainted with these staggering facts, and learn the outrageous conduct of the landlords of the poorer classes.

In one of the best streets in town, and within a few squares of the Plaza Victoria, there has been discovered a house, the rooms of which are converted into a pauper's dormitory; banks or shelves are made, one over the other, from the floor to the ceiling, and a night's lodging on one of these is worth one paper dollar; the place is always full. There is another establishment, where a supper of 'puchero,' or boiled meat, with a bunk to sleep on, can be had for three dollars per night. In some of these over one hundred persons sleep nightly, and the strangest part of all this is, that poverty cannot be pleaded as an excuse for such squalor, since almost every occupant of these bunks has more or less money put up in bank. The mortality in such places has, as a matter of course, been severe. But the worst has yet to be told. There are squares in the Calle Reconquista where there is not one 'commune' for every one hundred inhabitants; and but that we fear to offend the fastidious susceptibillties of some of our readers, we could write a chapter on this subject which would astonish even the very oldest residents of B. Ayres. It is to show up the plague spot of Buenos Ayres, these 'communes,' that we demand the publication of the reports of the 'inspecting committees,' for if the water the poor people drink is liquid poison, the air they respire is still more deadly.

To sum up the miseries which afflict this city we cannot stop here. We must pass out to the 'corrales,' or killing-ground, and there witness the way in which the beef, the great staple food of the people, is prepared for the butcher's market. On an incline plain, at the southernmost part of the city, are large muddy enclosures, where cattle arriving from the country are kept until sold. The place is utterly destitute of pasturage, fodder, or water, and if the animals are not sold in the morning, they must remain shut up until the following day, and often for two or three days, until from sheer starvation they drop down and are got a bargain. Let our readers not for one moment suppose this is an exaggeration, we have it on the most unquestionable authority; and, furthermore, the vegetables in the very market, unsold one day, are held over for the next and the next, until disposed of. Where is the inspector to watch that every animal killed is fit for meat, every vegetable sold is fresh and healthy.

The saladero nuisance has poisoned the waters of the Riachuelo, and millions of fish die at every flood tide of the river, yet there are not wanting sophists to assure us that the saladeros are a healthy nuisance. But the Angel of Death has spread his wings on the blast; the epidemic that has raged so fearfully since the 29th of March in this city is an awful lesson for us all. God grant that we shall profit by it, and that we have our house set in order before another visitation.

THE WAR IN THE ANDES.

DEFEAT OF THE REBELS.

FLIGHT OF SAAS VIDELA, &c. FOR CHILE.

We are again indebted to the kindness of Captain Davis, of the steamer Castor, for very important and satisfactory news from Rosario and the Provinces, as will be seen from the subjoined 'bulletin:'

The arrival of the Castor was signalised by a great display of flags, and the firing of rockets, and a volley of musketry by a party of soldiers on board, which attracted a large concourse of people to the mole, anxious to hear the news, which was received with great enthusiasm. We are now happy to state that the war in the Andes is over, and now we may expect a resumption of the prosperity which has attended Provincial trade of late, and which with peace offers such a large and inviting field for the employment of foreign capital and enterprize.

The Castor amongst the passengers brought down Comandante Paunero (brother to the General) with his suite, who gave some very interesting descriptions of the difficulties which they contended against, dealing with insurgents in an open camp. The enemy after being thoroughly routed, cleared out by the Cordillera for Chile.

The epidemic which has of late unfortunately effected Rosario, we are happy to state, is rapidly subsiding, although several cases still occur every day, and the night before the steamer left Madame Rosa Martines, laundress for all the English steamers, was attacked, and after a few hours illness fell a victim. She was well known and highly respected by almost every one connected with steamers trading on the Parana, and is very much regretted.

This cholera alarm has affected the trade of the town very much, as every person who can flies to the country, and the town has quite a solitary and disordered appearance; but with the rain which fell on Thursday night, and the fresh breeze which followed, we may fairly hope for an improvement in the general health of the town.

The authorities have been very energetic in taking all the precautionary measures they could, by the putting apart an hospital exclusively for those patients, the burning of bonfires at the corners of all the streets at night, and by the appointment of a Sanitary Committee, the members of which are very diligent in looking after the cleanliness of the place. Dr. Hutchinson, the English Consul, cannot be too highly praised for the energy and personal sacrifices he has made. He is always ready, night or day, where his services are required, and we trust the Municipality will not allow such noble conduct to go unrewarded.

The passage was enlivened by a band of music, which played some very fine pieces from the oratorios of the great masters, suitable for the solemn period of the year.

We have also to thank Capt. Davis for a description of the battle of San Ignacio, by 'me present,' but which we have no room to publish.

La Paz, April 15, 1867.

To the Minister of War Col. D. Julian Martinez.

I have the honor to enclose three official documents which I have just received, and which announce that the head of the rebellion and some 200 soldiers abandoned the city of Mendoza on the evening of the 11th inst., making for the base of the Andes, a similar flight having been made by the traitors who subjugated San Juan.

The vanguard division continues its forced march on the capital of Mendoza, and to-day or to-morrow I shall despatch another division for the province of San Juan, being only waiting to give the bulk of my troops time to rest a little after the forced marches we have made from San Luis to this city. Permit me to congratulate you on the termination of the evils which afflicted this country caused by the treason of Cuyo—

W. PAUNERO.

The notes enclosed contain the following important news -

RIOJA.

Gen. Taboada fell in with Felipe Varela Carlos Anjel Elizardo &c., at a place called "Las Goteras," and at once gave battle; the strength of the rebelds is estimated at 5,100 men, including two regiments of Chilenos, the National troops from 3 to 4,000 men. The battle lasted for a very short time; the rebels took to their heels, and Taboado took a large number of prisoners and 2 pieces of artillery. Campos and Taboada are now on friendly terms.

MENDOZA.

Gov. Rodriguez has fled, and sent a note to E. Garcia, stating that he felt obliged to clear out. Col. Segovia and other political prisoners were at once let out. The two Saas, Rodriguez, Yivas, and others have with a large troop of mules marched for Chile.

SAN JUAN.

The Rebel Government of San Juan has fled and made for the Paso de los Patos to cross the Andes. A general assembly was called and a Provisional Government named. Colonel Arredondo, from a place called Lagunillas, despatched some policemen under Commander Villanueva to military occupation of the city. All Saa's men have disbanded.

CORDOVA.

All connection with Rosario and Buenos Ayres cut off. Dr. Gutierrez, who arrived from Rosario, was despatched to a small town to remain in quarantine for a month.

MONTEVIDEO.

Wednesday, April 17th.

Since Saturday, there has been no steamer leaving this port for B. Ayres, but I sent you the principal news each day by telegram. Most of the steamers now go straight up the Uruguay, avoiding Buenos Ayres, and latest advices from your city are so alarming that there, is great talk of cutting off all communication with Argentine ports. In fact a Cabinet council was held last night on this subject, and there was only one dissentient voice. It was, however, resolved to postpone publishing the decree till the return of Gen. Flores, who left yesterday for Colonia, in the Villa del Salto. Some think the governor's journey has reference to stricter health regulations against persons coming from B. Ayres; others say he is gone to see Capt. King's new dock and submarine railway.

The Opera Co. got out of guarantine on Friday and the Arno passengers on Sunday: Meantime the Brazilians on Flores island are (says the *Opinion*) dying by dozens and thrown overboard. Several people have given up eating fish, and it seems some corpses have been washed ashore causing great alarm among the inhabitants. It would certainly have been more humane to land those poor Brazilians at some point of the Gran Chaco than to send them to die on a bleak sandbank at the mouth of the River Plate.

Up to the present this city has luckily escaped the plague: only 17 cases have occurred since the beginning, about a month ago, and although all proved fatal the figure is so insignificant as to give rise to no apprehensions, there has not been a single case this week. The Junta confiscated some green and rotten fruit, and enforced white-washing: the city is now so clean that there is no reason to fear any epidemic. It is said the deaths in B. Ayres are over a hundred daily, and still the Recoleta is not closed up, nor the Municipality sent about their business: in California they would have made short work of such a corporation!

The iron-clad Brazil, which got so rudely handled in the vicinity of Curupaity, returned on Monday from Rio Janeyro, after making the necessary repairs. The Charrua from Corrientes contradicts the rumor that cholera was making havoc in the Brazilian army.

The steamer Uruguay left for England yesterday, and the Halley to-day both full of passengers: some of these were young men of good families in England, who came out here six or twelve months ago, pretended to be sheep-farmers, but in reality spent their time and money recklessly, and have gone home again no wiser nor richer than they came.

Notwithstanding the difficulty with the U. States, owing to the Cabinet of Washington refusing to recognize the Flores administration, the papers this morning publishes a decree recognizing Mr. James Donaldson Long U. States Consul.

By last mail a Parliamentary Blue-book was received, containing many interesting documents on the Paraguayan war, especially a letter from Mr. Lettsom about the impressment of Paraguayan prisoners-of-war to fight against their flag and country.

The Government has decreed that all military pensions be doubled, and all public clerks failing to be at their posts by 11 o'clock a.m. be dismissed forthwith.

On Easter Monday we are to have the eventful celebration of turning the first sod of a railway in the Oriental Republic: the function will come off at Paso Moulino, and I shall be there to report progress.

Bishop Vera, accompanied by the Rev. Messrs. Cabrera Letamendi, and Yepegny, leaves by English packet to assist at St. Peters' centenary at Rome,

The news brought last Saturday by sailing-vessel from Chile was as follows—Lastarria is a candidate for the Valparaiso elections. Prado has not been deposed but re-elected as Dictator of Peru. Another South American Congress is to be convened at Lima. A revolution occurred in New Grenada. but was put down after some bloodshed.

The only transactions, during these days, on Change have been.

8,000 salted ox-hides from the Uruguay at 58 rls.

4,000 salted cow hides from the Uruguay at 48 rls.

500 pipes tallow at 1887 cts.

2 shares Italian Bank at par.

34 shares Montevidean Bank at 14 prem. including 6 mos. dividend.

There was a meeting of the Commercial Bank on Monday, also of the Microscopic Society same evening.

The Doterel leaves this evening for Rio. The Spiteful left on the 11th for Magellan's Straits to join the Nassau. The latter had a brush with Tierra del Fuego savages. While the officers were taking elevations the Indians were taking their utensils, and one stole the 'artificial horizon.' Lieut. —— ordered his men to fire blank cartridges at them, but it had no effect: they then fired ball over their heads, wounding one of the savages, and putting the rest to flight. A whole tribe, however, soon came down and attacked the marines while pushing off from shore—one officer was wounded. The Nassau is making surveys which will shorten the voyage to the West Coast by more than 100 miles.

LATEST FROM ROSARIO,

[From our own Correspondent.]

April 19, 1867.

We have no official news of importance from the Interior, but we may safely say the back-bone of this foolish revolution is broken. The defeat of the rebels at San Ignacio, headed by the redoubtable General Juan Saa, was a death-blow. And, by the bye, the *Standard* may take to itself the credit of being the first paper that published the intelligence of Juan Saa having arrived at San Luis in time to take charge of the rebel army. The news I transmitted to you I received from a private letter, and at the time it was not believed here; but it turned out to be correct. They took about a dozen prisoners, and I am afraid I shall have to give a bad account of these unfortunate men. From what I can gather, Juan Saa ordered them to be shot at the Desaguadero. The ex-Governor of San Luis, Mr. Daract, I understand, was one of them, as well as Mr. Barbeito, who, I hear, are amongst the victims. This news is not official, and I hope my information may turn out to be false, for I cannot see what object the Saa's could have in such wholesale slaughter. It is too true, however, that the rebels have committed great excesses in Mendoza and San Juan. Many families are completely ruined, and my informant states that it will take these two places ten years to recuperate the losses occasioned by this miserable rebellion.

But it has turned out as I anticipated; there is no force in the Provinces that can withstand for a moment the attack of disciplined troops. This fact indicates the policy that the Government ought to pursue: a Battalion of the Line ought to be stationed at given points in the Provinces: one at Cordoba; another at Mendoza; one in Catamarca, and another in Rioca.

Peace must be bought at any price, for one year of revolution will cost the country more than five annual bills from our friend, the Minister of War.

The soldiers of the San Luis and San Juan Battalions behaved very well at the battle of San Ignacio General Paunero compliments them highly in the 'order of the day,' as also the Buenos Ayres Brigade. It is to be hoped we shall soon have the road clear to Mendoza. Already some of our consignation houses are advertising 'tropas' for San Luis and Mendoza, and we may soon expect the remission of the Chile 'correspondencia' that has agglomerated at the latter place for the last six months; that is to say, if the revolutionists have not destroyed it.

We shall have no news from Cordoba before Saturday; but nothing is now feared from that Province. Neither have we news from Rioja, and about the row between the 'Governor Elect,' and the 'Comandante at Armas,' our friend, General Taboada. To make use of a line from Sheridan, 'Tis a pretty quarrel as it stands.'

Theoretically and practically, Taboada is right; constitutionally, he is wrong. Let diplomatists solve the seeming paradox. The truth is, that Rioja and Catamarca both occupy a paradoxical situation. If the people are allowed to elect their own authorities, they are certain to be against the Liberal party, because these bear a proportion to the Federals, or those Provinces of ninety-five to the hundred. If a Liberal is forced upon them there will be continual rows and continual complaints. In my opinion there are only two ways to get out of the difficulty: one is to declare the Provinces Federal territory under the dominion of Congress, with a liberal military Government, or let the people choose their authorities freely, and then let the National Government make these their friends. The latter can be done. We have cases in point in the provinces of Santa Fé and Entre Rios.

The cholera, I am sorry to say, is not abating in Rosario. I think I may say that there are somewhat fewer fatal cases, but the epidemic is not decreasing. Every day, however, increases the efforts to combat it, and in the hospitals a goodly proportion is saved. As Mr. Hutchinson does not practice his profession for lucre it is but just to award him the only recompense in our power to make him, that is to acknowledge publicly our great obligations to him. Day and night he continues his indefatigable exertions, and appears to be made of iron, for no amount of fatigue seems to afflict him. He has treated already nearly three hundred patients, of which he has lost very few, simply because he takes with him all the requisite remedies, and thus is enabled to attack the disease in its premonitary stages I am surprised that this plan is not acted upon by other medical men. Dr. Petiti, of the Italian gunboat Ardita, is also very active, and Dr. Hertz, the President of the Protomedico, devotes all his time to the disease.

The *Ferro-Carril* does not give the slightest idea of the state of affairs. The editor apparently makes no enquiries. In yesterday's number he speaks of the Committee of the Municipality acting so benevolently, when we all know that there is no such thing as a Municipality, as eight of its members have run away in the greatest fright. The Committee of Hygiene of the Corporation is composed of three members. Two of these, Messrs. Lama & Hunt and Grognet, have behaved, and are behaving, like trumps, not as members of the Municipality, which does not aid them at all, but as simple members of the Philanthropic Society. I am happy to publish their names, as well as those of Mrs. Hutchinson, Mr. and Mrs. Binns, Mr. Bollaert, and Dr. Perez, who with one or two others are the only citizens who, forgetting all other duties and obligations, devote themselves to the cause of humanity in the midst of a terror and alarm that I have never seen equalled in my life.

The little town of San Lorenzo is so crowded with the runaways from the city that there is not a rancho but what is taken and filled; and I am fearful if the disease breaks out there it will make great havoc.

We have had a number of fatal cases of sudden death from diseases of the heart, developed by terror; all are put down to cholera.

Up to twelve o'clock I accompanied Mr. Hutchinson to-day, and of upwards of twenty patients only two will turn out fatally. I may repeat that although there appears to be no decrease in the number attacked, there is a sensible decrease in the number of fatal cases.

Of course there are various modes of treatment, because in reality we have no specific remedy for the cholera in any of its protean forms. Mr. Hutchinson applies frictions and cataplasms of camphorated spirits of turpentine, mustard poultices, chloridyne, arrow root and port wine, brandy and ammonia, and clothes his patients invariably in flannel shirts, placed next the skin. I consider the latter an excellent auxiliary. Camphor saturated in alcohol has been used with good exit as well.

The weather still continues unfavorable—sultry north winds—and no evidences of a change.

The town is deserted, and many mercantile establishments are closed. Holy Week is also a pretext for a complete cessation of all kinds of business. Even the steamers appear to be attacked with some epidemic, as they are very unexact.

I take advantage to-day of Captain Davis' boat, the Castor, to remit you this.

Yours truly,

W. P.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The news from the Provinces is of the most satisfactory nature. The Castor entered port decked out with flags, firing off guns &c, and on shore rockets went up to welcome her before even the news was known.

A gentleman who arrived yesterday from Chascomus informs as that, that town is in a complete hub-bub owing to the thousands who have flocked there since last Wednesday—every house, 'rancho' hamlet, room in the town is occupied; even in the Post-office some of the first families of town are quartered at the Hotel Provencal, there are hundreds, but as some cases of sickness has occurred, hundreds, are now dashing out to Dolores. We have been assured that some trains on the Southern Railway the passenger fares alone paid exceeded sixty thousand dollars m|c at Chivilcoy and Mercedes the same rush is felt but we regret to say that in the former town there is already much sickness.

Yesterday the annual report of the Postmaster-General was published and sent round. It is compiled with the greatest care, and gives an insight into the astounding increase of this portion of the public service. The total number of letters which passed through the Post-office last year is 1,894,594, and the number of newspapers 1,395,564. Owing to the very economical and able management of this department we notice that not only is the Post-office self paying but also leaves a surplus for the National treasury.

Last night the steamer left for Montevideo, taking down an unusual number of passengers and very heavy mails. It is impossible to say when she may return from that port. The Sylph is due to-day.

A meeting of Doctors was held on Friday night, and owing to the increased mortality that day it is believed the epidemic has reached it crisis. Yesterday the mortality had considerably diminished.

Governor Alsina wile resume his old post at the Goverment house on Monday.

The Municipality it appears has at last determined to open a cemetery for the Southern portion of the Convalescencia; the ground has been se apart, and as workmen are scarce the occupants of the hospital or Convalescencia have been hired to work.

We hear that the splendid mansion built by Mr. Crawford, of the Southern Railway; on the margin of the Chascomus lake, has been purchased by Mr. Armstrong in the sum of three hundred and thirty thousand paper dollars. It is one of the finest houses in the camp, and cost much more than this.

Owing to the great heat experienced on Thursday this city was visited by millions of flies; no one can say from whence they came, and on Friday evening at the first advent of the Pampero they all vanished.

On Tuesday afternoon one of our leading shipbrokers took his departure for the States; he was accompanied to the top of the mole by numerous friends. Mr. Tay has for many years been a resident of Buenos Ayres; he leaves for a short trip to his native country, and takes with him the best wishes of a very wide circle of friends who hope to see him shortly return.

Good Friday was what might well be termed a thorough wet day; it rained in torrents in the morning, and in the afternoon we had several very heavy showers; at ½ past 4 p.m. the wind veered round to the South-West, and at Sundown we experienced a wet pampero. The streets in town are beautifully washed, and the prevailing opinion is that the change in the weather will effectually drive off the pest, which has afflicted this city. The cases in the hospitals have diminished and even the funerals in the streets are less frequent, but the great exodus of last week must have a great effect on the Sanitary condition of the town.

The outrageous and reprehensible custom of repairing the streets with city filth has been temporarily suspended, and now all the "vasura" is burnt at a place called the Hueco de los Sauces, the Municipality having engaged 14 peones expressly for this work.

On Holy Thursday President Mitre and the whole National Cabinet, accompanied by about twenty General officers, all dressed in full uniform, made a tour of the churches. Owing to the alarm about the epidemic all the churches in town were deserted. The altars were stationed in the streets at their customary localities, but even the streets were deserted, and we never before recollect such a Holy Week in Buenos Ayres.

There is a project to build a railway from the Salinas to Patagones. Mr Thomas Allen has left in the steamer to survey the proposed line. The Patagonian salt is now becoming so saleable that it may be termed a staple. The proposed line would bring the salt to the seaboard, at a trifling cost. The length of the proposed line is estimated at about 20 leagues; it is possible therefore that the line will be built, as it can already count on a certain trade.

We understand that the very fine house of Sor Galindez, sold by that gentleman to the London and River Plate Bank, has been resold to a wealthy Scotch gentleman recently returned from Europe, in the sum of two thousand ounces.

The last advices we received from Rosario are of a rather unpleasant nature. Several Englishmen had been attacked by the prevailing epidemic, but we are happy to say that none died, although several had been pronounced in the greatest danger and with the worst symptoms.

On Thursday night one of the servants of the Justice of the Peace of North Barracas was attacked by a fellow apparently drunk, who gave the unfortunate boy a fearful cut in the head: chase was given to the fellow, but he escaped.

The National Government has displayed a most praiseworthy generosity in granting not only to the Municipality of Buenos Ayres the sum of two thousand patacons, but similar amounts to the Municipalities of San Nicolas, Rosario and Corrientes. Such well timed generosity merits our most especial praise.

In consequence of the general cleansing going on, the Municipality has been obliged to hire a number of extra carts at the rate of one hundred dollars a day per cart, yet still there is a general cry out for more carts.

The Brazilian Minister in Peru has taken great offence at certain passages in the President's message, and has handed into the Peruvian Government a formal protest, which almost amounts to demanding his passports. It seems that the Peruvian Government openly espouses the Paraguayan cause.

A 'tropero' who arrived on Wednesday from the Saladillo reports an unusual amout of sickness out in that district, and states numbers have died, notwithstanding the best medical aid afforded.

Dr. Hutchinson, British Consul in Rosario, is in exclusive charge of the cholera hospital in that town, which is near the Railway Station. Mrs. Hutchinson is unceasing in her attention on the sick. The hospital is open night and day, and no words can too highly praise the exemplary conduct of the Consul and his lady in this epoch of Rosario Rosario.

Our penultimate advices from Cordova were not to say satisfactory. A 'boletin' of Saa's proclaims the defeat of Arredondo, and a general recruiting of the National Guard seems to have been going on in distant parts of Cordova. No one knows the whereabouts of Saa and the rebels, but it was rumoured in Rosario that they had cleared out for Chile.

MR. FORD ON RIVER PLATE COMMERCE.

The total official value of the goods introduced into the port of Buenos Ayres during the year 1865 amounted to a value of £5,420,603 8s., being an increase of 24 per cent. on that the preceding year; whilst the value of exports amounted to £4,399,355 8s.; showing an excess of 16½ per cent. over 1864. The difference in favour of imports over exports was £1,021,248 It is proper to observe however that the value given to the import is not their cost price in the coutries from which they are imported, but it is their valuation in these markets, inclusive, besides their original cost, of all charges that have been incurred on their account.

Owing to the existence of a defective administration, it has hitherto been found impossible to collect and publish official returns of the exact mercantile transactions carried on in the interior provinces, to be issued simultaneously with those emanating from the National Custom-house of Buenos Ayres.

In speaking of the imports and exports of this country, it should be premised that they more specially refer to the Province of Buenos Ayres and its transit land trade with the other Argentine Provinces.

Next in rank to the port of Buenos Ayres come those of Rosario, Corrientes, Uruguay, San Nicolas and Gualeguaychú.

If 30 per cent. be added to the total of imports and exports from Buenos Ayres for the direct transactions of those ports carried on with foreign countries without passing through Buenos Ayres, and also on account of the trans-Andine commerce of Mendoza, San Juan, and Salta, a tolerably correct estimate may be formed of the external commerce of this country.

The principal goods imported into Buenos Ayres may be classified in the following manner: — provisions, drinkables, textile fabrics, articles used for shipping, ironmongery.

Imports from England.—The value of merchandize imported last year from England amounted to £1,601,311, or 46 per cent. more than in 1864.

A remarkable increase in the trade in textile fabrics has taken place, showing in these articles alone an augmentation of 59 per cent. over the similar imports of the preceding year.

The value of these goods was estimated at £871,119, and formed nearly half the total amount of British imports to this country.

The following list will show the value of the several British textile fabrics introduced here last year:—

	£		£
Cotton goods.....	157,792	Linen goods	104,593
Wollen.....	152,864	Flaxen "	48,653
Calicoes, shirting,	147,519	Silk "	12,205
Chintzes.....	132,707		
Mixed stuffs.....	114,796	Total....	871,119

The articles next in importance are: Ironmongery, for a value of £100,000; railway materials, £80,000; iron in bars, £50,000; ready-made clothes, £65,000; beer, exceeding 1,250,000 bottes of a value of £40,000; and the sum total is made up by coals, saddlery, paints, haberdashery, and tea.

According to the official returns of the Custom-house, 31,674 tons of coal, valued at 74,436l., were introduced last year into the port of Buenos Ayres. Of this amount, 26,000 came from England, being in excess of the quantity sent on the preceding year by 3,000 tons, and 8,000 tons more than were imported from that country in 1863.

The above figures, however, fall short of the actual amount of coal imported into this country, a large proportion of which is admitted free of duty for the use of the railways, gas-works, and river steam-navigation, and consequently does not appear in the return-list.

The average price at which coal is retailed in the city of Buenos Ayres varies from £3 to £7 per ton.

By a reference to the commercial returns of a few years back—those of the year 1856, for instance—it is seen what an excellent market England is establishing for herself in this country. In that year British textile fabrics imported were valued at little over £250,000, or 218 per cent, less than that sent last year; whilst the total amount of all British imports to this country did not exceed, that year, a value of £436,000, or 276 per cent. less than the value imported in 1865.

THE NORTHERN RAILWAY.

Buenos Ayres, April 15 1867.

Dr. Dr. Mariano Varela, Minister of Finance.

Being unable to leave in doubt the charge which was made in your Excellency's last note in reference to the locomotive "Belgrano", for my own satisfaction and to justify my assertions to the Superior Government, I caused the boiler of said locomotive to be tested by a hydraulic pressure up to 200 lbs. to the square inch which is at least 60 lbs. more than the pressure required for working purposes.

This operation took place in presence of Mr. Coghlan C.E. and Mr. Gallacher Superintendent Engineer of Messrs. Matti of Cos. line of Steamers with the most. satisfactory result, proving the locomotive to be in a condition fit for service and can be worked without any danger to the safety of the public.

I would wish Mr. Allan and Mr. Cooper should again inspect the Engine under this test which was not applied at the last inspection in order that they should be thoroughly convinced of its present state.

I have the pleasure to hand you copy of the certificates of Mr. Coghlan and Mr. Gallacher.

God guard Y..E.

(Signed) J. B. THOMSON.

Buenos Ayres, 13 April 1867.

J. Boyd Thomson Esq., Northern Railway.

Sir:—At your request we assisted this morning at the testing of the boiler of the locomotive "Belgrano" under hydraulic pressure and found that with a pressure of 200 lbs. per square inch no injury was caused to the Crown plate of the fire box or to any other part of the Engine.

We therefore believe that there has been no danger to the Public from the use of this Engine.

We remain Sir your obedient servants.

(Signed) JOHN COGHLAN
(Signed) WILLIAM GALLACHER.

THE DEBATING SOCIETY.

To the Editors of the *Standard*,

Gentlemen,

Your correspondent 'Davy Jones' is facetious, and makes an effort to be satirical, but if he is satisfied with his success he is happy in the possession of a mind that is easily contented. Nature has no doubt endowed him with some fancy, but if he found it convenient to use it less he might succeed in being clear and save his readers the pain of doubting if they had caught his meaning.

An earlier correspondent, 'A Patron,' suggested that the aims of the British and Buenos Ayres Debating and Literary Society might with advantage include the study of the Spanish language; and 'Davy Jones' improves on this, adding the elementary branches of English. These objects are no doubt excellent in their way, and worthy of all the time and attention 'Patron' and 'Davy Jones' can bestow on them, but it would be a mistake surely to allow them to hinder, curb, or obstruct in any way the dawning eloquence of our youthful orators. Good speaking and the power of writing well are not indigenous to the soil, nor has the climate been found to favor their development in English transplants, and we cannot run the risk of discouraging or obstructing their growth by clogging it with a repetition of the drudgery of school.

What we want is more speaking and writing, implying more reading and thinking, and until we have these our youth will discover they can neither speak, read, nor think well, and also feel the need of paying more attention both to Spanish and English.

Apologising for the intrusion on your valuable space,

I am, &c.,

Another and very Practical Patron.

ON 'CHANGE.

April 20, 1867.

Ounces,	$400
Sovereigns,	122½
Patacons,	25
National Bonds,	62½

There was very little done on 'Change to-day. Owing to the very favorable news from the Provinces it was thought that Bonds would go up in value, and they opened very firm; but the whole business in Bonds seems now to be left in the hands of the brokers. No orders whatever from outside, and what with the Church festivals of Holy Week, and the very prevalent epidemic in town, few even feel disposed to visit the Bolsa. The market rose to-day to 53½, but very few sales could be effected at these prices, and prices closed flat at 52⅝. The sales to-day were as follows:—

For cash	1,000	52½
Do.	10,000	53
Do.	15,000	53⅛
Do.	14,500	53¼
Do.	1,000	53
Do.	1,000	52⅝
Do.	1,000	53
Do.	11,000	52⅝
April 30th	45,000	53¼
June 30th	30,000	54¼
May 31st	10,000	53⅜

In general business nothing whatever done. At the Wool Plazas not even the wool brokers are to be seen, and buyers keep away altogether. The railways are so occupied with passengers that no freight trains come to town.

In Exchange there were a few bills passed to-day, on England at 49½, and on France at 5.18. On Rio there is nothing doing, and the rate is nominal. Money is very abundant, and to be had at 7 per cent. per annum.

BIRTH.

On the 17th inst., the wife of Robert H. Kinch, of a son.

DEATHS.

At the British Hospital, Mrs. Elizabeth Fisher native of Cornwall England, aged 80 years.

At the Tigre, on Thursday, 18 inst Mr. Peter Dermody, aged 39, for many years station master at the Tigre.

Compañia Argentina de Seguros Marítimos.

La Junta Jeneral de Accionistas de que trata el artículo 27 de los estatutos de esta compañia que va inserto al pié del presente aviso, tendrá lugar este año, el dia 6 de Mayo á las 3 de la tarde en el escritorio de la misma compañia

Buenos Aires, Abril 18 de 1867.

Por órden de la Direccion
El Jerente
F. F. MORENO.

Artículo 27. Todos los años en el mes de Mayo la Direccion convocará a la Junta Jeneral de Accionistas y presentará á esta inventario y balance jeneral de los negocios de la compañia hasta el 30 de Abril anterior, acompañado de una Memoria, espresando los resultados prósperos ó adversos, que se hubieran esperimentado en el año, y las medidas que considere convenientes al interés comun para lo sucesivo.

104-15p-a21

Tuition.

Wanted by a respectable young Englishman just arrived a situation as tutor in town or country. Advertiser is quite competent to impart the rudiments of a sound education, being an adept in English, French and Latin.

Apply A. S. this office.

101-3p-a18

A new article.

Bostonite Tablet in following articles: upright memorandums for pocket use, Book slates in 3 sizes, Drawing tablets, Leaftablets, memorandum Tablets for waistcoat-pocket use, Slates in six sizes. Directions for use: write with a soft pencil and erase with moisture.

MACKERN BROTHERS.
44—Calle San Martin—44.
102 | 6p,a18

ESPINOSA & KYLE

Beg respectfully to announce that they continue to prepare the Anti-Choleric Camphor Spirit, invented by Dr Rubini of Naples, and employed by him with the greatest success during the late epidemic in Europe This invaluable medicine has been constantly prescribed by Dr. Lesne of this city since the first appearance of the epidemic in this country, and is prepared in accordance with his instructions.

E. & K. prepare the solution of the Permanganatic of Potash (the active ingredient of the well-known Condy's Patent Fluid), highly recommended for its powerful disinfectant properties.

Pure Carbolic Acid, Chloride of Lime, and other disinfectants always in stock.

ANTIGUA BOTICA DE MARENCO,
CORNER OF
CALLES FLORIDA AND TUCUMAN:
93 | 10p,a18

Matrimonio.

Se necesita en la Calle Rivadavia 405, la mujer para cocinera y el marido cochero. 77 | 3p,a18

No More Toothache.

A native Lady continues to administer relief to all sufferers of dental diseases with her own most efficacious cure. 118 Calle Cerrito.

99 | 3p,a18

Cadiz Salt.

For sale in lots to suit purchasers, at the office of Ernest Beutefechr, 177 Calle Piedad.

98 | 3p,a18

Cholera!

Prevention is Better than Cure.

Chlorodyne is one of the greatest discoveries of the age. It is largely employed by the most eminent medical men in all parts of the globe, and is justly considered to be a remedy of intrinsic value, and of varied adaptability, possessing most valuable properties, and producing curative effects almost unequalled. Sold by Cranwell, Murray, & Co., 66 Calle Reconquista.

96 | 3p,a18

Books Just Received.

Thom's Irish Almanac and Official Directory of Great Britain and Ireland for the Year 1867; comprising Parliamentary, Naval and Military, Peerage, Baronetage, Knightage, and other Directories, &c.

M'Ghee's Popular History of Ireland, from the Earliest Period to the Emancipation of the Catholics. Two volumes.

Tenney's Military and Naval History of the Rebellion in the United States, with Biographical Sketches of Deceased Officers.

The World before the Deluge, by Louis Fuguier.

The Vegetable World; being a History of Plants, by same author.

MACKERN BROS., LIBRERIA INGLESA,
44 CALLE SAN MARTIN.
94 | 6pd,3pw,a18

D. P. Carmody,

BUILDER AND CONTRACTOR.
OFFICE—145 CALLE CORRIENTES—145.
N.B.—Orders may be sent to Standard Office; Mr. Dakens, Piedad and Reconquista; and Mr. Duggan, 11 Setiembre. 95 | 1m,a17

To Teach English and Spanish.

A Man capable of this, and accustomed to Teach, can find a good place by addressing L.M.N.O., this office. 67 | 3p,a17

Caja de Crédito.

De conformidad á lo dispuesto por los artículos 17 § 1.° de los estatutos, se previene á los Sres. Accionistas de esta sociedad que desde el lunes 15 del corriente pueden pasar por el escritorio calle de las Piedras No. 21 á apercibir el dividendo que les corresponde á razon de 22 0/0 del interés anual segun el balance practicado el 31 de marzo último—Buenos Aires, Abril 13 de 1866.

PABLO DE MONTRAVEL.
75 | 3p,a16 Gerente.

The English School.

NOTICE.

The Easter Vacations commence on Tuesday, the 16th, and cease on Monday, 22nd April.

90 | 3p,a17 GEORGE RYAN.

The Original Chlorodyne.

According to the most distinguished Medical Men of the Old World there has not yet been discovered a remedy equal to Chlorodyne in checking Cholera. It has been tried in numberless incipient cases, in places where Cholera abounds—as in India and the South of Asia generally—and it has been never known to fail when taken at the outset of the disease. Innumerable testimonials of its efficacy could be given, such as that of the English Consul at Manilla to Lord John Russell, and hundred others of the principal Doctors in the World; but it is useless enumerating them now, it is sufficient to say that the undersigned is purely acted by humane motives, and as such cannot fail recommending all his Friends the precautionary measure of having Chlorodyne always on hand. No Family should be without it in times like these, as the most uninitiated can administer it until the Family doctor arrives, to whom immediate application should be made, for though this remedy is considered superior to all other Preventatives, too much precaution cannot be taken.

In Bottles of $10, $20, $30, and $50, to be had at
CRANWELL'S, CHEMIST,
30—CALLE RIVADAVIA—30.
88 | 6p,a17

W. Leslie,

OFFICE, 97 CALLE CORRIENTES.
12 | xp,m8

New Zealand and Australia.

The Steamers of the Panamá New Zealand, and Australian Royal Mail Company (Limited) run monthly between Panamá, New Zealand, and Sydney, in connection with the Steamers of the Royal Mail Steampacket Company, taking Passengers and Cargo for all ports in New Zealand, and for Sydney and Melbourne. Handbooks, containing full particulars, may be obtained on application to the

AGENCIES:

LIVERPOOL—
C. E. Hamilton, The Temple, Dale Street.
GLASGOW—
Aitken, Lilburn, & Co., 86 Buchanan Street.
BUENOS AYRES—
Royal Mail Steampacket Agency, 77 Calle Mayo.
PARIS—Pritchard & Monneron, 4 Rue Rossini.
NEW YORK—Charles W. West.
PANAMA—W. G. Sealy.
HAVRE—Marcel & Co.
146 | xp,m22

English School for Young Ladies.

A respectable English Woman (a Widow) purposes opening a School to give the Rudiments of an English Education to young Girls, and would draw the attention of parties in the Camp who would place their children in her care, as they would have the advantage of a good education, board, and lodging at most moderate charges. Address X.Y., this office. 3p | a14

Excellent Butter.

For Family use, in ten pound kegs. Just received—quality guaranteed. Sold at 64 SAN MARTIN. 85 | 3p.a16

Meat Cutters.

Large and Small—for Family use. For sale at 64 San Martin. 86 | 3p,a16

Corn Mills.

Just received, Small, Neat, and Convenient, a Superior lot, at 64 San Martin. 82 | 3p,a16

Superior Butter.

In Ten Pound Kegs, for Family use—in quantities to suit purchasers. 64 San Martin.

84 | 3p,a26

Little Giant Wheel Jacks.

Very Powerful, and yet Light and Portable. For sale at 64 San Martin. 83 | 3p,a16

For Sale.

The Stable-Yard at 209 Calle Maypu. For particulars apply on the premises. 62 | 4p,a12

Land for a Barraca, &c.

For sale, of 64 varas front by 70 deep, situated two squares from Plaza Once de Setiembre. A purchaser for the whole or one half will be accepted. Apply at 42 Calle Bolivar. 43 | 3p,a12

Fine Port in Bottle.

Superior Amontillado Sherry in Bottle.
George Sayer & Co., Pale Brandy.
W. R. GILMOUR & CO., 108 CALLE PIEDAD.
39 | 1m,a12

On Sale.

Fine Old Port Wine, D. M. Feuerheer, Jun., & Co., Oporto, received direct.
ALLEN D. BAILEY & CO.,
46 | 6p,a12 86 Parque.

Semilla de Alfalfa.

Superior calidad hay en venta en la calle Defensa núm. 129.
50-15p a. 10.

British Barque Mohican,

357 Tons Register, Capt. JONES,
FOR VALPARAISO.

Has excellent accommodation for First and Second-Class Passengers, and will take Cargo on freight for above port. For terms of passage and freight apply to
HENRY A. GREEN & CO.,
200 | 1m,a4 85 Reconquista.

Furnished Rooms

To let at 90 Calle Parque. 58 | 15p,a13

WELLS & YOUENS,

WOOL BROKERS
AND
COMMISSION AGENTS,
173—CALLE DE LAS PIEDRAS—173.
143..xp a21

Diligence Office.

257—CALLE PIEDAD—257.

A new and well-appointed line of Omnibuses will leave this office for Giles and San Antonio on the odd days, returning on the even days; and for the on the 9th, 13th, 15th, 17th, 19th, 25th, and 29th, returning on the 2nd, 6th, 10th, 14th, 18th, 22nd, 26th, and 30th. The Protejida, for Navarro and Lobos, will start on the odd days, returning on the even days.

PAGET & FONZAN.

For Colonia.

The Italian Steamer TEVERE will leave on Saturdays at 10 a.m., returning on Sundays.

D. Nicholson & Co,

SILK & MANCHESTER WAREHOUSEMEN,
COLONIAL AND FOREIGN
OUTFITTERS,

50 TO 52 ST. PAUL'S CHURCHYARD, LONDON,

Invite the attention of Residents in South America to the fact that they have had twenty-six years' experience as Shippers of Goods to all Parts of the World, and that they undertake to supply private families on Wholesale terms where orders are not less than £50 value,—on smaller amounts an advance of 10 per cent. is charged.

N.B.—A Price List of 72 pages, containing every particulars necessary for ordering Goods from D. N. & Co.'s London Warehouse, can be had at the office of this paper on application.

Patterns of Textile Fabrics sent post free from London. 26p | 1pw | F25

Stationery, Books, Music, Printing Ink, &c.

Exported by F. P. BATES, 4 Edward-street, Newington-street, London, England.

Newspapers and periodicals despatched with regularity.

The trade supplied on advantageous terms.

(No orders executed unless accompanied with a remittance.)

N.B. London Agencies wanted for Foreign and Colonial Firms needing a representative in England 1 1y..j5

Bass Ale,

ON DRAUGHT AND IN BOTTLE,
AT
THE CASINO.
ALONGSIDE THE BOLSA.
m 37xp7

Central Uruguay Railway.

The undersigned have been appointed agents in this city, by the Montevidean Directory, to enrol subscribers for this great national enterprise.

Prospectus, etc., can be seen at this office,
M. G. and E. T. MULHALL,
STANDARD Office, Buenos Ayres.

SS. QUINTO.

This vessel has abandoned her trips to the Outer Roads, and will hereafter, until further notice, be stationed in the Boca off Hodge's Shop for the purpose of Towing. She will also wait on the Packets as heretofore. Orders can be left either on board or with the undersigned,
LUIS MACLEAN & CO.,
4 | 1m,a3 35 Paseo de Julio.

L. Sagory & Lennuyeux,

FRENCH SHIP-BROKERS, 47 CANGALLO.

Regular line of Sailing Ships between BUENOS AYRES,
HAVRE,
BORDEAUX,
AND MARSEILLES.

Foreign Captains will find Charters for—
ANTWERP,
NORTH AMERICA,
ENGLAND,
AND BRAZIL.

27 | 3m,a9

JUST RECEIVED.

BEST LIMERICK BACON.

66—Calle de la Piedad—66.

Just received for the coming season 8/4 9/4 10/4 11/4 and 12/4 al wool blankets Heavy Sheeting Quilts.

1st class Crimean shirts, inside shirts, pants, ready made clothing ex heavy, all wool stockings and ½ hose, with many other articles too numerous to mention

HIBERNIAN HOUSE,
64, 66 & 68—Piedad—64, 66 & 68
23—1m a4

Mensagerias, Victoria 243—Agencia de Picot y hermano.

"La Protejida" para Mercedes, Chivilcoy, Bragado y 9 de Julio; sale los nones y regresa los pares.

"La Favorecida" para Lobos y Saladillo, sale los Jueves y Domingos, regresa los Viernes y Lunes.

"La Nacional" para la Capilla del Señor, sale los pares, regresa los nones.

"La Uruguayana" para Navarro, sale los pares y regresa los nones.

"Del Comercio" para Cañuelas y Monte, sale los 1, 7, 13, 19, 25, regresa los 4, 10, 18, 22 y 28.

Encomiendas hasta las 6, correspondencia hasta las 10.

j6 MAURICIO ESCOFEIER—Agentes.

La Uruguayana.

The coaches are of the most modern structure, combining lightness and strength, and will be drawn by animals remarkable for their swiftness. They will leave Buenos Ayres with the first train, on 'even days,' and will return to the capital on all the 'odd days.'

The proprietors of this company have always on hand, for the accommodation of the public, a large number of four-wheeled spring-waggons, which are admirably suited for the conveyance of sheep, merchandize, &c. The company will guarantee the safe delivery of all parcels, letters or moneys confided to them.

City agents, Srs. Picot, Hermanos, 243 Calle de la Victoria. Country, do. Dn. Santos Briato Sarden, Hotel Navarro.

Proprietors and conductors, DUFOUR, BROTHERS. 147—xp m29

Mensagerías del Comercio para Carmen de Areco y Arrecifes.

The undersigned, mayoral and owner of the above line of diligences, begs to inform his numerous friends and acquaintances that on and after the 10th of September, 1866, he will run the entire trip from Buenos Ayres to Arrecifes; via Mercedes and Carmen de Areco, in one day, and vice versa, starting from Buenos Ayres on all EVEN days by the first train from Parque Station, and returning from Arrecifes the ODD days. He begs to state that his diligences are worked by regular harness and not "por el cincho." Every care will be taken to give the utmost satisfaction to all who may favor this line. Agency for Buenos Ayres, 189 Rivadavia.

JORGE VALLEE.

N.B.—Waggons in connection with this line are ready at a moment's notice for the conveyance of rams, sheep, or heavy luggage, &c.

Sept. 10, 1866. 133 | xp a21

Furnished Apartments.

To be Let, at 86 Calle Parque, two comfortable well-aired Bedrooms, with double and single beds. Board if required. 72 | 3p,a14

Governess.

A young Lady, lately come from Scotland and experienced in teaching, wishes a situation as Governess in an English family in town. Apply to the Rev. J. Chubb Ford, or the Rev. James Smith. 41 6p,wd,a16

To Let.

The new two storey house Calle Reconquista 154½ between Calles Parque and Corrientes. Apply on the concerns. 24—15p a6

To Let.

Several good Furnished Apartments; Board if required Apply at 239 Calle Defensa.

110 | 1m,m17

To Let.

A Parlor and Bedroom, together or singly, for single gentlemen, or lady and gentlemen, at 50 Calle Mayo. 63 | 3p,a13

Wanted.

An experienced Clerk, thoroughly acquainted with office-work, and able to correspond in the Spanish and English languages. Apply 30 Calle Piedad. 69—6p,a14

Wanted.

A Sitting-room and two Bed-rooms, for an English family. Address Mr. R., this office. 92 | 3p,a18

Wanted.

An Englishman or American with about $2,500 m/c., to join another in a first rate business. Address J. E., this office. 59 | 3p,a13

Wanted.

A Married Couple for an Estancia, the Man as Cook the Woman as General Servant. Wages no consideration for suitable parties. Address T. S., this office. 64 | 3p,a13

Wanted.

By a Young Man, a situation as Cook; thoroughly understands his business; first-class references. Apply to S. Hartan, 44 Calle 25 de Mayo. 60 | 3p,a13

Situation Wanted.

A respectable Young Man, some time in the country, and who speaks Spanish, wishes employment in a Store, or would go as Steward Can produce first-rate testimonials as to character, &c. Address P.C., this office. 3p,a14

Wanted.

A Wet Nurse, at 226 Calle Florida. 71 | 3p,a14

A los suscritores del Telégrafo Marítimo en Buenos Aires.

Provenimos a los referidos señores que desde esta fecha queda encargado de la gerencia de nuestra circular D. Lurreano B. Gironi, con cuyo jóven se servirán entenderse desde hoy é igualmente le autorizamos para que recaude las cuentas devengadas.

Para el mejor servicio de nuestros suscritores, instalamos una Agencia en la libreria del Sr. D. Henrique Loedel. calle de San Martin No. 76 [frente á la Bolsa] en cuyo local se reciben suscriciones y serán atendidas cualquier falta que involuntariamente puede por el momento incurrir nuestro nuevo encargado.—Montevideo, Abril 1.° de 1867.

Su propietario—

German, French, and English.

A German Lady gives Lessons in the above Languages. Please address M., this office. 52 | 6p,a9

Just Landed.

Beer in Hogsheads and Kilderkins; Wotherspoon's celebrated Jams and Marmalade in Tins.
ROBERT MUIR & CO.,
162 Defensa.
41 7p, a7

Notice.

The undersigned beg to inform the Public in general that on the 1st of May next they will open an Exchange Saloon—after the style of the principal saloons in the United States—58 Calle Zavala, Bolsa Building, Montevideo.

G. C. SEYMOUR & CO.

177 | 1m,m29

Se alquila.

La casa calle de Maipú No. 314 en 2,000$ m|c., tiene siete piezas entabladas y empapeladas, gas en todas las piezas hasta la cocina, tiene algibe, cochera, caballeriza, dos entrepizos y demas oficinas para tratar calle del Parque No. 129.

89 | 3p,a16

Campo en venta.

Se vende ó cambia por ovejar la accion á legua y media de un hermoso campo con aguada y la poblacion del Fortin Aguará partido 25 de Mayo; para tratar on dicho pueblo á D. Mariano Fernandez, ó en ésta, calle de Rivadavia No. 189 al Sr. Savorido. 19 | 1m a5

Mensagerias Nacionales.

PARA LA CAPILLA DEL SEÑOR.

Esta diligencia que hace el servicio entre Buenos Aires y la Capilla del Señor, tiene sus salidas acostumbradas del modo siguiente:

Salidas para la capilla los 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30.

Régresos para Buenos Aires los 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27, 29.

Desde el 1.° de Enero las salidas de la Capilla, seran á las 4 de la mañana á fin de llegar á las 11 de la mañana en Buenos Aires. Las salidas para Buenos Aires seran por el primer tren de la mañana.

Las únicas encomiendas de que serán responsable el empresario serán las que se entregan á las agencias respectivas.

Agencias en Buenos Aires, calle Victtoria 243. Idem en la Capilla, casa del Suberbie.

El conductor y dueño.

SANTIAGO GUILLERMOY.

NOTA—En la Capilla se recibirán encomiendas hasta las 10 de la noche. 34—xp j8

"LA FAVORECIDA,"

Para Lobos y Saladillo.

Agencia, Victoria 243,

Los abajo firmados tenemos el honor de anunciar al publico y particularmente a nuestros favorecedores que habiendo comprado á Don Paulino Speratti la mensageria que dicho Señor tenia establecida bajo este nombre entre Buenos Ayres, Lobos y Saladillo para combinar los viages de esta con la que tenemos establecida en la carrera de Lobos á Moron, hemos arreglado el orden de las Salidas y Regresos del modo siguiente.

Para Lobos.

Sale de Moron los Jueves y Domingos.
Regresa á Moron los Viernes y Lunes.

Para el Saladillo

Sale de Moron los Jueves.
Llega al Saladillo los Viernes.
Sale del Saladillo los Domingos.
Llega á Moron los Lunes.

Al ofrecer nuestros servicios en la nueva carrera que establecemos contamos con la proteccion que se ha dignado dispensarnos hasta ahora, y esperamos hacernos merecedores de ella con la punctualidad y exactitud en el servicio que seguiremos haciendo personalmente.

Los Empresarios,
SANTAMARINA y Cia.

Mensagerias Union Argentina.

AGENCIA CALLE TACUARI 11.

Los Empresarios de estas Mensagerias avisan al público que desde el 5 del presente mes, la diligencia para el Fortin de Areco, Salto, Rojas y Junin; saldrá de la Capital para la Ciudad de Mercedes, los dias nones en el tren de las 3 de la tarde para salir de allí los dias pares á las 7 de la mañana y llegar al Salto á las 6 de la tarde.

Junio 1.°, 1866. LA EMPRESA

REMATES

POR MARIANO BILLINGHURST.

En la casa habitacion del Sr. D. Francisco Caviarau, calle Cangallo número 73.

Por ausentarse del Pais.

El miércoles 24 del corriente á las 11 en punto de la mañana se han de rematar sin falta alguna á la mas alta postura y dinero de contado, todos los muebles y demas menage de dicha casa, en sala, aposento, comedor y demas habitaciones de una casa de familia. 70 | xp a14

POR MARIANO BILLINGHURST.

En la barraca y Feria, calle de Salta entre Brazil y Caseros, Mercado Constitucion.

De 2250 arrobas lana mestiza fina, perteneciente al establecimiento del Sr. Don José Maria Suares en el Rincon de Agó,

El Martes 23 del corriente á las 9 en punto de la mañana, se han de rematar sin falta alguna á la mas alta postura y dinero de contado:—2250 arrobas lana mestiza fina y regular.

Al mismo tiempo, pertenecientes á otros establecimientos.

150 arrobas lana Negrette.
300 id. id. mestiza fina
80 id. id. de barriga.
70 id. id. de borrega
140 id. id de idem.
9 docenas cueros lanares. 91 | xp,a17

POR TOMAS GOWLAND.

En la Estacion Jeppener, Ferrocarril del Sud.

El lunes 22 del corriente á las doce en punto se rematará precisamente á la mas alta postura una gran casa de madera con gran comodidad para un hotel ó casa de negocio.

El terreno se compone de 60 varas á todos vientos formando esquina á la plaza del pueblo proyectado en esa localidad. La casa está en excelente estado; consiste de diez piezas y demas comodidades.

Los interesados pueden ocurrir á la misma estacion. Por mas pormenores á casa del rematador Defensa No. 114. La venta tendrá lugar en casa del Rematador á las doce en punto.

47 | xp a7.

POR MARIANO BILLINGHURST.

En su casa calle de Potosi núm. 70

De 22 tercios yerba Paraguaya legítima y 30 tercios en condicion Paraguaya.

El Lunes 22 del corriente á las 11 en punto de la mañana se han de rematar sin falta alguna á la mas alta postura y condiciones que se estipularán

22 tercios yerba paraguaya lejítima
30 " " en condicion paraguaya.

Al mismo tiempo—De órden del señor Consul General del Brazil 32 sacos café con averia.

81-xp a. 16

PURE, SWEET,

COD LIVER OIL.

The most celebrated Chemists and Physicians of all Countries agree in recommending the Oil extracted from the livers of Cod Fish, as being the best remedy that science has yet discovered for the cure of the diseases that affect the

THROAT, LUNGS, AND CHEST.

And long continued experiments in the Public Hospitals of Paris, London, New York, and in this country have proved that pure Cod Liver Oil exercises the most beneficial effects on such diseases as

SCROFULA AND RHEUMATISM.

The great difficulty heretofore has been to procure an article reliable as to purity. The demand in Europe and America exceeding by many thousands of gallons the entire product of all the Cod Fisheries, in consequence of which unprincipled persons have flooded the markets with Land Oil, Cotton Seed Oil, Linseed Oil, &c., imposing it upon the Public as genuine Cod Liver Oil, greatly to the detriment of health. Our

PURE, SWEET, COD LIVER OIL

Is by special agreement shipped to us by our own Agents, direct from the Fisheries at Newfoundland, and delivered to us under Seal in our Store in New York. At various times, during the last five years, we have submitted our Cod Liver Oil to the

SEVEREST CHEMICAL TESTS,

Made by the first Physicians and Chemists in Cuba, Mexico, Peru, Chile, Rio de Janeiro, &c., who have unanimously declared it to be the purest and best article of the kind ever tested by them, and that it contains

IODINE IN GREATER ABUNDANCE

Than any other Oil they had seen, and this being the life-giving property in all Cod Liver Oils, it becomes evident that the sick will find in ours a more reliable remedy than in any other.

To hasten the cure of all throat, lung, and Chest Diseases, our

KEMP'S PECTORAL OF ANACAHUITA

Should be used along with the Oil, as they are prepared so as to act in complete harmony together.

Sole Proprietors of both Medicines,
LANMAN & KEMP,
Wholesale Druggists,
NEW YORK.

Genuine Seltzer Water,

AT
MESSRS. TORRES & BARTON'S,
65, 67, AND 69 CALLE DEFENSA,
(Opposite the San Francisco Church).
199 | 1m.a3

A SPEEDY CURE
FOR THE DISEASES OF THE
THROAT, CHEST, AND LUNGS

The true Mexican Anacahuita, from which our Pectoral is made, is a remedy for Pulmonary Diseases, which has been known and fully tested in that country for many generations. The native Indian tribes were probably the discoverers of its wonderful medicinal virtues, as it is among them where we first find it in use; later we find it prescribed by the leading College of Physicians in Berlin, and much prized by them as a safe and reliable remedy for some of the worst forms of Pulmonary Affections. Our own experience since we first introduced our Pectoral of Anacahuita, now over ten years ago, has been of the most satisfactory and encouraging nature. From Cuba, Mexico, West Indies, Brazil, Buenos Ayres, Chile, Peru, Ecuador, New Granada, Venezuela, and Central America, we have many letters and certificates of cures effected by its use, especially in such diseases as

Consumption, Coughs, Asthma, Colds,
Croup, Bronchitis, Hoarseness,
Pleurisy, Sore Throat,
Hectic Fever,
and
Difficult Breathing.

We have combined in our Pectoral various other valuable medicinal herbs, which we find makes the action of the Anacahuita more speedy and reliable; and we also recommend the use of our Pure, Sweet, Cod Liver Oil in conjunction with the Pectoral. Where these two great remedies are faithfully used we are almost justified in guaranteeing a Complete Cure in any of the above diseases, except in Confirmed Consumption, and even in it the patient's life may be prolonged for many years

Sole Proprietors of both Medicines,
LANMAN & KEMP,
Wholesale Druggists,
NEW YORK.

For sale Cheap

A fine English Piano at 244 Bolivar.

109 | 3p,a18

Casa Quinta.

Se ofrece en alquiler una, en la calle del Parque entre Azcuénega y Ombú, tiene 6 piezas, cocina dispensa, corral para caballos, lugar, pozo de riquisima agua y corredores al norte y sud. La casa es completamente seca y rodeada de árboles! Para tratar ocurrase calle de las Piedras núm. 41. (Altos). 54-3p. a 12.

M. S. Bagley

NO MORE GRAY HAIR!
NO MORE BALD HEADS!!
NO MORE DANDRUFF!!!

ORIENTAL TONIC
FOR THE
HAIR.

It makes the Hair Soft and Glossy.
It makes it grow Thick and Heavy.
It removes every vestige of Dandruff.
It keeps the Hair in any Shape.
It prevents premature Baldness.
It makes the Head Cool and Pleasant.
It stops the Hair from falling out.
It imparts new strength and vigor to the Scalp.
It is the only perfect Hair-dressing.
It is the only Hair-dressing suitable for the BEARD AND WHISKERS,
Imparting to them that soft silky appearance and feeling so much admired by Gentlemen.

Sole Proprietors,
LANMAN & KEMP,
Wholesale Druggists,
NEW YORK.

FIELD GLASSES.—BURROW.

BINOCULAR FIELD AND SEA GLASS

STEAMBOAT AGENCY OF
W. MATTI & CO.,
30—CALLE CANGALLO—30.

For MONTEVIDEO, the English steamer
Rio Parana,
Will leave on Mondays at 6 p.m. returning on Thursdays.

For SALTO and all the intermediate Ports, the English steamer
Rio Parana,
Will leave on Thursdays at 9 a.m. returning on Mondays.

FOR MERCEDES
Passengers will embark in the Rio Parana to be transhipped to the steamer Mini at 5 p.m.

FOR GUALEGUAYCHU
Passengers will embark in the Rio Parana on Thursday to be transhipped to the steamer Guazu at 2 p.m.

For PARANA and SANTA FE, the steamer
Tala,
Will leave on Sundays at 9.30 a.m. returning on Fridays.

FOR GUALEGUAY
Passengers will embark in the Tala on Sunday to be transhipped to the steamer Dolorcita returning on Mondays.

For PARANA and SANTA FE, the steamer
Ybicuy,
Will leave on Tuesdays at 9.45 a.m., returning on Sundays.

For CORRIENTES and the intermediate Ports, the steamers
Esmeralda and Espigador,
Will leave alternately at 10 a.m. on Thursdays returning on Mondays.

For CORRIENTES and the intermediate Ports, the steamer
Cisne,
Will leave on ——— at 10 a.m.

For all particulars as to freight and passage money apply at the agency of G. Matti and Co. 30 Cangallo.

N. B.—The public is reminded that those paying in paper money are charged 4 rls. m|c per patacon, over the current price, on account of the fluctuating state of the market.

No parcels taken on the day of sailing.
118 | xp F26.

ALEXANDER FULTON & Co.,

Respectfully call the attention of their Town and Country Customers to their large assortment of Goods, suitable for the Season.

Ladies Black Silk Mantles, a Large assortment of Dress Goods, Winceys, Merinos, Muslin de Laines, Alpaccas, Barelle, Flannels, Blankets, Sheetings, Calicoes, Long Cloths, Diapers, Hosiery, Stays, Prints, and many other articles.

Men's Tweed Suits, Coats, Vests, Pants, Windsor Cord Pants, Cotton do, Moleskin do, Boy's Linen and Tweed Suits, Bedford Cord, Windsor Cord, Cotton do, Shirts, Hosiery, Crimea Shirts at

25 & 27 Calle Defensa, 25 & 27.

☞ N.B. Clothes made to Order on the premises. 3a—xp

FOR ROSARIO AND PORTS,
Passengers and Cargo, the Oriental Steamer
SOLIS,
Captain ADOLFO FLORES.
Departure from the Tigre at Twelve o'Clock, TUESDAY and SATURDAY.
Passengers leave by the Railway at 10 o'clock. Station 26 de Mayo.
For more information call at the Agents, Alvarez and Risso, Reconquista, 99½.

FUNDICION DE TIPOS
PARA IMPRENTA.
Todas clases de Tipos, Materiales de Bronce, etc., etc., para imprenta, hechos en la Fundicion de Tipos de
BRUCE, NUEVA YORK
Agentes en Buenos Ayres—M. G. & E. T. MULHALL
74—CALLE BELGRANO—74

COMMERCIAL SOCIETY.
FEDERICO LIEFRINK & CO.,
GENERAL AGENTS AND COMMISSIONERS
FOR
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCES,
IMPORTERS AND EXPORTERS,
EXCHANGE BROKERS, &c.
MONEY ADVANCED ON SECURITIES.
87—CALLE SAN MARTIN—87.
164 | 1m,F27

Saddles and Harness.
GEORGE SMITH,
151—STRAND, LONDON—151,
Next Door to Somerset House, London, England, Manufactures every description of Saddles and Harness, &c., &c., suitable for all parts of South America, of the Best Quality, and at very Moderate Charges.
All Sorts of Spanish and Mexican Bits, Spurs, Bridle and Spur Furniture. 26p | 1pf | ja20

GALBRAITH & HUNTER
ARE NOW SHOWING AN ASSORTMENT
OF
SUPERIOR BANNOCKBURN TWEEDS
FOR
AUTUMN AND WINTER WEAR,
OF
WHICH THEY INVITE INSPECTION
AT
49 & 51—Calle Defensa—49 & 51.
100 | xp,d15

SAVINGS BANK.
BANK MAUA AND CO.
101--Cangallo--103.
BUENOS AYRES.

The immense advantages of Accounts Current are now so generally felt and appreciated in the two great emporiums of the River Plate, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres, that there are very few Merchants who fail to keep one at the bank in which they place the most confidence.

The Bank of Mauá & Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working classes in that city a safe and profitable depositary for their savings.

The sums deposited in that very important institution are daily increasing, and already reach a very large amount.

These advantages have not hitherto been enjoyed in this city by an immense number of clerks, artisans, working men, and servants of all classes and conditions, who are equally interested in putting their savings out at interest, thus providing the selves with a reserve fund in case of need, sickness, or old age, instead of spending them in the immoral gambling, in lotteries, and other frivolities.

The Bank of Mauá & Co. of this city, following the noble example of their firm in Montevideo, now offer the same facilities in this city, and has opened a Savings Bank at No. 103 Calle Cangallo from Nine a.m. till Three p.m. every day, for the reception of the savings of the classes already mentioned, Sundays and holidays excepted.

The Bank will deliver to each depositor a pass book, in which will be entered the amount deposited and withdrawn.

The depositor is permitted at any time to withdraw the whole or part of the sum deposited; in the former case the interest will be calculated up to date.

The Bank of Mauá & Co. is sufficiently known to the Public by the benefit derived from the course of its operations, which are regulated on the strictest and soundest principles, and always directed to promote the general welfare.

The Bank of Mauá & Co. are also persuaded that this new branch of their business will render immense service to the working classes of Buenos Ayres and its neighborhood.

Buenos Ayres, 2nd January, 1867.

P.P. MAUA & Co.,
M. A. DE FREITAS AMORIM.

CONDITIONS.

First—The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency or one Silver Dollar upwards.

Second—The interest allowed is six per cent. (6 p.%) per annum, which is liquidated every six months.

Third—The depositors can at any time retire the whole or part of the money deposited.

Fourth—Once the money deposited exceeds twenty-five thousand dollars currency, or one thousand dollars silver, the depositor, if he wishes can open an account current, according to the rules established by the Bank.

Fifth—In case the depositor loses his pass book, it can be replaced by another on paying twelve dollars currency, and advertising the loss in the public newspapers.

P. P. Mauá & Co.
M. A. DE FREITAS AMORIM.

RIVER PLATE STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.
LIVERPOOL AND RIVER PLATE DIRECT.
NAMES OF STEAMERS.
LA PLATA (new).
ADA, CORDOVA,
URUGUAY, LEDA,

One of these Steamers will leave Liverpool for Montevideo and Buenos Ayres on the 10th of each month.

Cargo will be received on board of the steamers 48 hours after their arrival, to be delivered in any part of the United Kingdom, or on the Continent, being forwarded by railway and steamer for account of the Company, the bills of lading being signed with these conditions.

As the object of the Company is to extend and facilitate the existing traffic between Europe and the River Plate, the rates of freight will be very moderate.

Specie and Parcels will be received until the day before the steamers leave.

In order to facilitate immigration to these countries the rates have been reduced as follows—

1st Class.....£35.
2nd ,, ...£25.
3rd ,, ...£16.

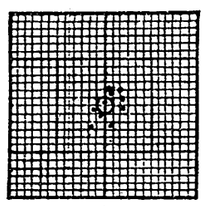
Return Tickets will be issued for six months at the following rates—

1st Class.....£65.
2nd ,, ...£45.
3rd ,, ...£30.

These boats are excellent opportunities for families visiting Europe, more especially when consisting of Ladies and Children, having large ladies' cabin, and carrying an experienced stewardess.

H. A. GREEN & CO
85 RECONQUISTA.

AMMUNITION.



TARGET
12 FEET SQUARE.
Represents average shooting at 100 yards, with
ELEY'S BEST ENFIELD CARTRIDGES.

Eley's Ammunition
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
For Sporting or Military Purposes.

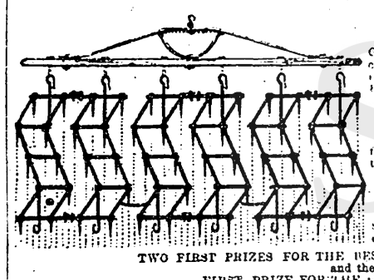
Double Waterproof Central Fire Caps, Felt Wadding to prevent the leading of Guns, Wire Cartridges for killing Game, &c., at long distances, Breech-loading Cartridge Cases of superior quality for Snot Guns and Rifles, Pin Cartridges, for "Lefaucheux" Revolvers of 7, 9, and 1 millimetres.

Jacob's Rifle Shell Tubes, Cartridges and Caps for Colt's, Deane's, Tranter's Adam's, and other Revolvers

Ball Cartridges
For Enfield Rifles, also for Westley Richard's Terry's Wilson's, Mont storm's and other Breech-loaders.

Bullets of uniform weight made by compression from soft Refined Lead. Mechanically fitting projectiles for Rigby's and Henry's Rifles.

ELEY BROTHERS.
Gray's-Inn-Road, London, W.C.
(Wholesale only.)
dlu 2 6p



HOWARDS'
ZIGZAG HARROWS
Gained at the Last Trials of the Royal Agricultural Society of England, at Newcastle, all the Prizes for Harrows in all the classes for the last Ten Years J. and F. Howard have won every First Prize for Harrows in every class.

Howards' Zigzag Harrows have received
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from the Royal Agricultural Society of England, being the largest number of Prizes awarded to any kind of Harrows ever exhibited.

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TWO FIRST PRIZES FOR THE BEST HAYMAKING MACHINES
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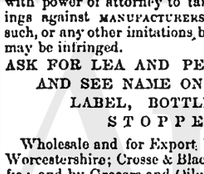

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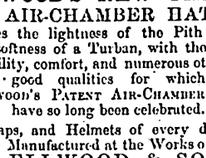

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It is the Physician's cure for
GOUT.
RHEUMATIC GOUT, GRAVEL and other complaints of the Bladder, and in cases of
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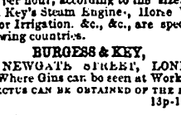
Para tratar ocurran al No. 7 callo Bolivar plaza Victoria. 85 | 1mo,m15



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Syrup of Hypophosphite of Soda,
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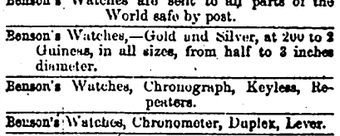

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